Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

Mr. Bookwalter disgraced himself as a Republican less than a year ago by stooping to pick up some of the vilest of the Democratic mud and fling it at Garfield. No man can vote for him this year without voting to approve that despicable performance.

Anything which makes the Democratic party unhappy is pretty sure to be a good thing. The escape of the Virginia Republicans from a trap of the Bourbons has set the Democracy of the whole country to gnashing its teeth, and may, therefore, be set down as in the interest of better politics.

Without making any fuss about it, Secretary Blaine has gone quietly away from Washington to nurse the malarial affection which he contracted during the close attendance upon the wounded President. It is quite evident that the White House is anything but a covetable residence during the summer months.

A reunion of the ex confederates of four States has just been held in Texas. There does not appear to have been any inciting cause for the gathering beyond a general desire to keep alive the memories of the rebellion. It is useless to find fault with Irishmen for remembering St. Patrick or William of Orange when our own people continue to celebrate the memory of a collapsed conspiracy. —*North American.*

There are indications of treachery on the part of Sitting Bull, and the conduct of the chief, as well as of his followers, gives grave cause for uneasiness in the neighborhood of Fort Yates. A couple of squaws have been detected smuggling guns and ammunition into his camp. It looks much as if the artful old fox merely wanted to rest and recruit while mapping out fresh mischief. He has been some trouble to catch, and it might be as well to lock him up at once and end the bother.

Public sentiment in this country grows stronger every day in favor of making the United States an unattractive place for dynamite patriots of all nationalties. It is made apparent that they are not wanted here and it will soon be made apparent that they will not be tolerated here unless they discontinue their infamous trade. The country shows unmistakable symptoms of being almost mad enough now to rise as one man and sweep the whole pack into the Atlantic Ocean.

It is ably remarked by the shrewder Democrats of New York State that it will not be wise to lay too much stress upon the alleged split in the Republican party. Evidently it will not. The split disappeared from the surface of things the day after the Legislature adjourned. There is some clamor abroad now, chiefly raised by a few Rebublicans who hope to secure recognition for themselves by threatentng to kick up a disturbance if it is not granted, but this does not rise to the dignity of a split.

There is a report that some one has struck a silver lead in one of the mountains of Vermont, the ore from which is said to yield something in the neighborhood of $3000 a ton. The importance of this piece of news depends upon the scale on which the successful experiment was conducted. Discoveries of the precious metals in eastern States are made with comparative frequency. The trouble has always been that not enough ore has been found in one place to pay for the expense of working it.

Virginia Republicanism.

The following able article in regard to the political situation in Virginia, we clip from the New York *Tribune*:

The Republican party of Virginia has decided to defeat the Bourbon Democracy. About fifty indiyiduals nominally led by Chairman Cochran seem trying to decide to help the Bourbon Democracy as far as they can. Fortunately there is no room for dispute as to the right of the Republican Convention to speak for the Republican party of Virginia. The Convention was called to order by the Secretary of the regular Republican State Committee, acting under directions from a large majority of that Committee. It was called in a hall engaged and controlled by the majority of the committee. It admitted members upon a roll prepared, according to the standing rule of the party management, by the Secretary of the Committee; but that roll in order to be supported by indisputable authority at every point, he had submitted to the State Committee, and it had been expressly approved by the majority. Finally, whether contested delegations were admitted or not at the outset, the regular Convention embraced a clear majority of all the delegates elected by the Republicans of Virginia to represent them in convention. This was so well known that the members of the regular Convention offered to meet in the hall selected and occupied by the minority, waiving the right of the State Committee to fix the place of meeting and allowing all the contested seats to be filled at the outset contrary to the judgment of the secretary and the majority of the State Committee, by adherents of the minority. But they were not permitted to enter, even on these terms. The minority completed a pretended organization, though there was not even a pretence that a quorum of the members elected was present, and this the rump organization the assurance to claim that it represents the party.

It is worth while thus to set forth in detail the facts of the case at the outset, that there may be no room for dispute hereafter as to the regularity and validity of the Republican Convention. Every guarantee of regularity which party usages require this body had in its favor. The chairman of a State Committee has no more power to do any political act in that capacity, contrary to the expressed wish of a majority of its members, than any outsider. He is nothing but the mouthpiece of the Committee, and ceases to be anything but a private individual when he attempts to take any step not authorized by the Committee. But, even if there had been any room for doubt as to the technical regularity of preliminary steps, all question ends when a clear majority of all elected members gather and act in one place, while a minority, at no time embracing a quorum even if pretended members are admitted to contested seats, gathers in another place. The majority rules, whenever it gives proof that it is a majority.

The declaration of principles by the Republican party of Virginia is worthy of especial notice and commendation. It appeals in the strongest manner to the sympathy and confidence of the Republicans of other States. In every line, it proves the Republicans of Virginia faithful to the public honor, to purity of elections and to freedom of education. In Virginia, the Republicans have more reason than they have anywhere at the North to hold these principles sacred. In their first resolution they show that the Bourbon Democrats, in spite of their professions, prove by their latest platform that they are now, as they ever have been, false to the credit of the State. Since they merely "seek to deceive both the people and the creditors by means of fair promises which they never mean to fulfil," formally pledging themselves, indeed, not to raise money enough to meet the obligations of the State, the Republicans are clearly justified in giving to them no preference over their opponents on that score.

The arrangement of the Virginia Bourbons for their hostility "to free and fair elections and an honest count, and to free schools for the education of the children of all the people," is very tersely and plainly put, and it ought to command the attention of Northern Republicans. These men know what they are doing. They speak with the intense earnestness of men who have suffered incalculable wrongs from frauds and elections, who have personally witnessed an effort to deny the blessings of free education to their children. Many of them are colored men. They know the spirit of the Bourbons in regard to the education of their race. Many have listened to the thousand excuses made for closing schools in which the children of the poor could be taught, and in which the ruling spirit was loyality to the Government and not attachment for a dead rebellion.

Removal of the Chinese Students.

It is no doubt known to most of our readers that there has been or years a Chinese school at Hartford, under control of the Chinese government, of young men sent here to learn something of our civilization and manners, that in the end they might impart their knowledge to their countrymen at home. For some reason the home government has ordered these young students home, and various reasons have been given by statesmen and the press for the removal. Some have said that it was on account of the unfriendly attitude of our people towards Chinese living here; others have said that it was the fear of the Imperial Government that the students were becoming too liberal or Republican in their ideas of government, and that the Emperor was afraid that instead of faithful subjects, they might become agitators. Speaking on this subject the New York *Tribune* says:

The hasty recall of the Chinese youths who were sent here several years ago by the Imperial Government argues a recent and violent change in the policy at Peking. It was tacitly understood that the object of sending these young men, all members of influential families, was not only that they should learn mathematics and languages, but become imbued with the moving ideas of our civilization. They are now suddenly ordered home because it is feared that they are taking in too much civilization of the American sort.

There can be little doubt that this order is due to the deposition from power of Prince Li, and the dominant influence at Peking of General Tsotsung-tang, who is now Minister of War, and, what is more to the purpose, the popular idol, with an enormous and victorious army to back him, which has been drilled and equipped under his personal supervision, in a manner totally without precedent in the history of China. This remarkable man is exercising as powerful an influence over present Asiatic policy as Cromwell did in England or Napoleon in France. He is the Mongolian species of Cromwell or Bonaparte, and has now the force which a man of iron will, indomitable obstinacy and blunt, outspoken directness would gain when placed in authority over hordes of shifty, subtle, smooth Asiatics. In character he resembles an old Scotch Puritan rather than a Mongolian, but in his policy and purpose he is a Chinese of the Chinese. He proposes (if the native and foreign journals at Peking report his proceedings correctly) to elevate China to a position among nations which she never has reached before. The lost territory has been regained, opium is to be shut out, and the people rescued from their chronic drunkenness. He has helped to establish manufactories railways, has used foreign machinery, and the army is equipped with European guns and artillery and drilled by European officers. In short, he is quite willing to make use of American and European appliances to help China upward, but he does not intend that China shall become an inferior imitation of either America or Europe. The Chinese lads are brought home before they are too much imbued with the leaven of Demorcatic ideas or the Christian faith.

There is no more singular problem now before the world than the question, which very likely will be settled in the next forty years, as to how far the ancient civilization of India, China and Japan will be influenced by modern thought and religion. Eastern thought is that of an old man; it has passed out of the consideration of every-day, practical duties and rules; it is slow, subtle, philosophic; its religion rises away from the commonplace to a profound, gloomy communion with the abstraction of life and death, or contemplation of a vague impersonal Deity. Eastern practice is to the habit of life of an aged man in his second childhood; it is tardy, weak and trivial; he is blind, his hold is feeble on the real things about him, but he is obstinately complacent in supreme faith in himself. There is the East, with mighty truths in its brain and decrepit in body; and here is the West, with its new blood its practical religion, its aggressive driving fury of work, machinery and ideas. The young man may go on plundering the old, as he has done for two generations, but we doubt if he will ever convert him to his ways of thinking or practice, or put new alien blood into his veins. As far as China, most decrepit of all eastern people, is concerned, General Tso will probably decide her fate for the next generation, and keep her where she is.

There are some officers of the New York Custom-house who are feeling rather shamefaced about this time. An Exchange says: An innocent-looking barrel was brought for shipment on one of the transatlantic steamers, which according to the invoice by which it was accompanied, contained nothing more objectionable than apples. But somehow or other the officials concerned became possesed of the idea that it was a dangerous package—that it contained dynamite or nitro-glycerine, or an infernal machine, or something equally unpleasant. Not one of them was bold enough to investigate the interior of the mystery and while upon compulsion, and affected reluctance, the man who had tendered the barrel was hammering off its head, they stood at a respectful distance and watched the proceeding with bated breath. Those men could have been bought for a cent apiece when the apples which the barrel contained were turned out on the dock, and henceforth their zeal will be more under the guidance of discretion.

There is absolutely no choice between the Readjuster and Bourbon parties in Viriginia so far as the debt question is concerned. One is just as bad as the other. The Bourbons cover their dishonesty with an assumption of virtue which is too transparent to conceal any of it. The Readjusters are at least guiltless of that cheap hypocrisy. The main significance of the fight is that it is the opening struggle for a permanent split in the Solid South, and Northern interest will be concentrated on that point. Any movement which overthrows the Bourbons gives encouragement to fair voting and fair counting in the South, and thus breaks up the Solid South, it of national service and importance. The Mahone party, whatever its shortcomings, is aiming in this direction, and has, therefore, the sympathy of Republicans everywhere.

The Republicans of Virginia know that these are vital matters for them, and they know who have been their friends. Their decision is entitled to full confidence. Four-fifths of them, at least, will support the Anti-Bourbon ticket, and they are entitled for that course to the hearty apprval of the party elswehere. Their case is a hard one. Bolters, who have been seduced by personal alliance with the Bourbon leaders, will most unjustly assail them. But they know that they are entitled to recognition in every quarter as the Republican party of Virginia, and they are sustained by a concsiousness that their principles are in the highest degree worthy. They may rest assured that they will have the hearty sympathy of the Republican party of the North in their struggle against the Bourbon Democracy.

Governor Foster's re-election in Ohio is conceded, but the Democrats keep up a show of confidence in order that Bookwalter may not discover the hopelessness of the outlook and plug up his barrel.

A Fastidious Boarder.

One of the proprietors of a mountain-house in the town of Woodstock in the Catskills, received a letter the other day inquiring very particularly about his house, and what accommodations he had for genteel boarders. She said that she had written to twenty different mountain-houses and had received answers from the most of them, but their places so far did not suit her, as the society was not sufficiently polished. She desired a room on the northerly side of the house, with ceiling not less than eight feet in height, the windows commanding a broad and expansive view of farm lands and mountains.

She inquired: "Have you a piano in your house? I do so dearly love music that I could not possibly do without it. Are your boarders as a rule cultured people? I could not exist without classic society. Are there any mosquitoes around your house? Is there a pond near that contains noisy, singing frogs? I desire to know this particularly, as the croaking of frogs did terribly annoy me last season." She closed the letter by saying "that she could not pay more than $5 per week, and if his answer to her questions were satisfactory she would engage a room of him for a few weeks the latter part of July."

The proprietor having no room in his house less than $8 per week, though somewhat amused at the letter, did not care to answer it, but finally one of the boarders thought a reply was necessary, and so he wrote to the lady. He told her, as an index of the culture and classic style of the guests who had visited the house for the past season, he could name Joaquin Miller, the poet of the Sierras; Gen. U. S. Grant, Susan B. Anthony, Roscoe Conkling, Dr. Mary Walker, Jefferson Davis, with the author of "Beautiful Snow," Henry Ward Beecher, Wm. Hill and Wm. H. Vanderbilt, accompanied by Maud S, and for further recommendation he would refer her to them or either of them. They had no piano, but plenty of thunder.

Mosquitoes were in abundance, and in fact it was one of the noted characteristics of the hotel, and one of the reasons why it was such a favorite resort, as invalids did not require either doctors or leeches. These birds took the place of physicians in regard to blood-letting, and when killed and served with toast were considered by epicures as a dish unequaled in richness.

"There are bullfrogs, it is true," said the writer. "I wish to be frank with you, but we have them so thoroughly trained that by the use of electricity we can produce the finest concert music in the world. Their voices are rich, deep and mellow, they have become famous, and this is another attraction of the house that has given it a reputation even in far-off lands."

An answer has not yet been received, but it seems the "menu" should be sufficient to satisfy the most fastidious.

Henry Clay's Courtesy.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* writes as follows: I think I never saw a more perfect gentleman than Henry Clay. He was always considerate of the feelings of his brother man, and even when sorely tired never said or did anything which could possibly offend the lowliest of them. I recall an instance of this. There lived in former years a man named Garbard, who, though a rough fellow, was an ardent admirer of Mr. Clay and a personal acquaintance.

During one of Mr. Clay's visits Garbard came up to the Springs, arriving at night in a sad state of intoxication. He wanted to be shown where Mr. Clay was, and insisted upon seeing him. With some difficulty we persuaded him that he must wait until morning, and he finally said: "Well, just let me see his foot tracks: that will do me tonight."

The next morning I started with a friend to Mr. Clay's house and found him surrounded with distuinguished gentlemen, both from home and abroad. There were senators and judges and foreign ambassadors present, all engaged in discussing, I believe, some intricate question of foreign policy. The gentleman present would throw out some problem or other, like a tub to a whale, for Mr. Clay to play with, as it were. Mr. Clay was seated at the end of the room furtherest from the door, when who should come marching into the room but Mr. Garbard. He had with him, too, an Indian dwarf in fantastic dress, with bells on his hat, who was a ventriloquist and a monteban generally. Of course the appearance of such a couple in such an assemblage created a little commotion.

Garbard pulled his hat off, and marching up to the man from Ashland, said: "Good-morning Mr. Clay."

"Good-morning Mr. Garbard," said Mr. Clay.

"Well Mr. Clay," continued the other, "I know you are a good judge of men and very fond of music, so I brought this man up to amuse you. He can imitate any man or animal in the world, and I'll have him go through his programme for you."

Everybody else in the room was abashed at the man's forward manner, but Mr. Clay arose and stepped forward as though he was interested in the extreme.

Then the fellow began his imitations. I could not stand it and went out of the room, as did many others. Finally Mr. Clay went up to the fellow, and, taking a $5 bill from his pocket, said:

"I appreciate your efforts, but I know you must be extremelyfatigued from your exercises, and trust you will not attempt anything further," and the man went off.

The discussion was never resumed, and the party all came down on to the grounds after that, but it was the finest exemplification of "a step from the sublime to the ridiculous" that I ever witnessed.

A Thousand Dollars a Minute.

Boston Paper.

Mr. Eddy, the veteran patent solicitor of Boston, is a regular encyclopaedia of incidents referring to inventors. He tells of a man named Hurd, who belonged in Stoneham, who realized $30,000, and gave to the world one of the most valuable inventions ever produced—all the result of only about half an hour's thought. His invention was the machine now everywhere used for extracting molasses from sugar. When the idea occurred to him he sketched it down and gave his drawing to Mr. Eddy and authorized him to take out a patent.

Returning home he forgot all about the matter, and applied himself to other affairs. Subsequently a gentleman engaged in the sugar business saw the invention in Mr. Eddy's office, and at once appreciated its value. The solicitor was instructed to purchase the patent, which he supposed he could do for a moderate sum. The first offer of $1,000 was refused, and not until the figure of $30,000 was reached did Mr. Hurd surrender. The machine is used in all the sugar countries of the world. Mr. Robertson who was the American Consul at the Hague, and the Aspinwalls of New York, made millions out of the invention.

The Rain Tree.

Some travelers in South America, in traversing an arid and desolate tract of country, were struck with a strange contrast. On one side there was a barren desert, on the other a rich and luxurious vegetation. The French consul at Lorete, Mexico, says that this remarkable contrast is due to the presence of the *Tamai caspi*, or the rain tree. This tree grows to the height of 60 feet, with a diameter of three feet at its base, and possesses the power of strongly attracting, absorbing and condensing the humidity of the atmosphere. Water is always to be seen dripping from its trunk in such quantity as to convert the surrounding soil into a vegetable marsh. It is in summer especially, when the rivers are nearly dried up, that the tree is most active. If this admirable quality of the rain tree were untilized in the arid regions near the equator, the people there, living in misery on account of the unproductive soil, would derive great advantages from its introduction, as well as the people of more favored countries where the climate is dry and droughts frequent.—*Land and Water.*

A Quincy girl cleared fourteen feet at a standing jump. The boy who yelled "rats" at her measured the distance.

Poetry.

Alone with Conscience.

I sat alone with my conscience,
In a place where time has ceased;
And we talked of my former living
In the land where the years increased.
And I felt I should have to answer
The question put to me,
And to face the answer and question
Throughout an eternity.

The ghosts of forgotten actions
Came floating before my sight,
And things that I thought were dead things,
Were alive with a terrible might;
And the vision of all my past life
Was an awful thing to face,
Alone with my conscience sitting
In that solemnly quiet place.

And I thought of a far-away warning
Of a sorrow that was to be mine,
In a land that then was the future,
But now was the present time;
And I thought of my former thinking
Of a judgment day to be;
But sitting alone with my conscience
Seemed judgment enough for me.

And I wondered if there were a future
To this land beyond the grave;
But no one gave me an answer,
And no one came to save.
Then I felt that the future was present,
And the present would never go by;
For it was but the thought of my past life
Grown into eternity.

Then I woke from my timely dreaming,
And the vision passed away,
And I knew the far-away warning
Was a warning of yesterday;
And I pray that I may not forget it
In this land before the grave,
That I may not cry in the future,
And no one come to save.

And so I have learned a lesson
Which I ought to have learned before,
And which, though I learned in dreaming,
I hope to forget no more.
So I sit alone with my conscience,
In the place where the years increase,
And I try to remember the future
In the land where time will cease;
And I know of the future judgment,
How dreadful soe'er it be,
That to sit alone with my conscience
Is judgment enough for me.

Blaze on, Old Sol, blaze on!
With all your pent-up heat—
Blaze on!
Although I'm cooked from head to feet,
Although I'm soaked from feet to head,
Although my nose is blistered red,
Although I've wished that I were dead.
Never you mind,
Blaze on!

Blaze on, Old Sol, Blaze on!
With all your piercing rays—
Blaze on!
You have my blessing on your blaze.
'Tis true, I'm ever shouting "pheugh!"
'Tis true, I've sworn the hot air blue!
'Tis true, a sunstroke soon comes due!
But don't let that unsettle you!
Never you mind,
Blaze on!

Our Story Teller.

The Stage-Drivers Story.

In '67 Jake Pool was staging the route from Gallatin to Helena, in Montana, driving a four-horse coach in summer, and a 'jerky' in winter, seventy miles a day through the wildest region, and over one of the most dangerous routes in the United States. The country through which the trail ran—for it was little less than a trail—was totally uninhabited, but for the three stage stations, where horses were changed and which were dug outs, or log huts, twenty miles apart. The Indians, although generally friendly, were liable to become enemies at a moment's warning; road agents and outlaws were thicker upon the Gallatin route than any other north of the Union Pacific Railroad, and the route itself ran through precipices, as though originally laid out by mountain sheep. Notwithstanding all this, Jake was a successful driver, made better time, lost fewer mails and express-safes, and ran his coach at smaller expense to the company, than any other man in their employ. But when misfortune did overtake him, it was no light hand that the genius of evil laid upon him, which the following adventure proves.

One muggy morning, in early May, as Jake hauled up in front of the stage-office, and prepared to receive mails, express and messenger, and passengers, if any there should be for Helena, the Well-Fargo agent called to him from within. Throwing the reins over the foot brake, Pool descended from his perch and entered the office.

The agent shut the door behind him; then drawing near he said, in a half-whisper:

'There's fifteen thousand in currency in the safe, to take over to-day.'

'All right!' responded Jake. 'I've carried more before now, and carried it safely.'

'But,' said the agent drawing still nearer, 'Dick's sick, and there's no messenger.'

'Ah!' said the driver meditatively; then touching the revolver which hung at his belt said: 'I'll be messenger and coachman both then.'

'But,' still continued the other, 'there's one thing more,' and he leaned forward so that his lips touched his companion's ear. 'Copper Tom and his pal, old Jim, are on the road. A man from Cross Trees was robbed by them last night.'

Pool whistled long and low, and his hand fell from his pistol-butt. 'Copper Tom' was the worst road agent in Montana—a desperado, with both courage and brains.

'Don't send the rags.'

'I must,' said the expressman anxiously. 'The order is peremptory; the money must go to-day, messenger or no messenger. Now will you take it and carry it through?'

Jake laughed.

'I'll take it; that's part of my business. Throw the safe under the seat and give me your pistol, I may want two. And he took the other's revolver from the desk where it lay and thrust it into his boot-top. 'As to carrying it through that's another matter, with those fellows to stop it. But I'll promise you this—if I go through, the safe shall?'

The agent grasped his hand and shook it warmly. The door was thrown open, the driver mounted his seat, the iron box was stowed beneath his feet, the single passenger (an old woman to be left at the first station) got in, the whip cracked, the horses plunged, the coach lurched heavily forward, and amid a shower of mud, disappeared down the steep mountain road.

Although it was May, the morning was cold, and it was not until the sun had climbed well up the eastern sky that the chill thawed out of the air, and by that time Pool was more than twenty miles upon his journey, the fresh horses in their traces, and an empty coach behind him. He began to brighten with the sun.

'After I get through the Devil's Pass,' said he to himself, 'Copper Tom or any other man may whistle for me, for from that to Dickson's is as handsome a road as ever a horse struck foot upon, and whoever tries to stop me there, unless he shoots first will go under the leaders' feet. I intend to make that little seven miles in twenty-eight minutes without brakes!'

And he gathered his reins with a firmer hand, as if already whirling at that mad pace down the mountain side.

'Let's see,' he continued, 'if nothing goes wrong and the road's all right, I ought to make my last change by five o'clock and reach the pass before six. It will then be broad daylight, so I can rattle right along, and then spin down the 'causeway. I'll strike Dickson's before seven, certain. Beyond that the road is too open and too much traveled in to Helena to be dangerous. By Jove! he concluded, his heart warming as he struck his heel against the safe beneath the seat, 'I don't see where the agents can stop me unless— Good heavens! what if they try the very Pass itself? I had not thought of that!'

The man was silent for a moment and his face grave; then, brightening, he shook his reins, loosened his revolvers in boot and belt, and with a sigh, concluded his soliloquy with the remark:

'Well, if they should meet me in the Pass, 'twill be about an even thing. If they miss their first shot I'll run 'em down, drive 'em into the canyon, or drop 'em with my pistols. If they don't miss, why then the swag's their's!'

It was now high noon and soon station two was reached, where horses were again changed, and where Pool dined upon jerked bear-meat, hot bread and black coffee. Strong food yet none too strong for the long ride yet before him.

As he mounted the box and prepared to depart, the keeper of the station slipped from his dug-out and drew near.

'There's an old pard down the road apiece, 'll want a ride. He war here 'bout two hours ago. He will bear watchin'.'

And the rough frontiersman touched the pistol-butt which protruded from his open shirt-front to emphasize his warning.

Jake nodded.

'Thanks Tom! I'll keep my eyes open. Go-long!'

The fresh steeds in harness sprang strongly forward, and the empty coach whirled away.

'It's old Jim, sure!' half whispered Pool to himself, as his trained eyes searched the winding road before him. 'The old devil wants a ride so that he'll be on hand when Copper Tom turns up in the Pass. I see it all.'

The teeth closed with a snap.

'Good!' he continued, a moment later 'He shall ride.'

Some five miles were passed, when in the shadow of a great pine that grew near the trail, Jake espied his prospective passenger, prone upon the ground, at the foot of the tree, apparently resting. As the rattling coach drew near, the man bestirred himself and slowly rose.

'Hullo, driver! kin ye favor an old beggar with a lift? I'm played, fer I'm too old to tramp as I used to, 'an too poor to pay for a ride. Kin ye give me one?'

He stepped forward as he spoke. Poor he was if tattered garments betoken poverty, for his clothing was but a single patched rag from head to foot. Old he surely was, for the withered skin and scanty gray locks, the claw like hands and sunken eyes, could not well be disguised.

Half in scorn and half in pity, yet with a brain awake to his danger, Jack drew rein and replied to his petitioner:

'Yes! Be lively and climb up here, I'm behind time now. Where do you go?'

The old man answered, as he struggled to a seat at the driver's side:

'Dickson's.'

A touch from the whip and the horses were again upon a quick trot. Pool eyed his companion as they rode onward, and almost unconciously dropped his hand to his boot-top and loosened the revolver carried there.

'Cold day for May!' said the newcomer, shivering. 'This yer wind's sharp, too.'

'Yes,' responded the other, mentally wondering where about his ragged clothes the scoundrel at his side had concealed his weapons, 'it is cold. But you'll find it warmer in the Pass.'

'Sure?' said the old man leering in Jake's face.

'Sure!' responded that worthy, his blood chilling with the covert hint in the word; and he urged his horses to yet greater speed.

The grade was sharply descending now, and the road rocky and rough. A mile more and the Pass would be reached. The coach fairly swayed under its rapid motion.

Old Jim was forced to cling to the seat with both hands in order to avoid being hurled to the ground. This was as Pool desired, and he smiled grimly as he noticed the other's action.

'Yer—a-driven—purty—fast!' said the grey-haired desperado, the words fairly jerked from him as the coach sprang forward, rocking from side to side. 'Ye'll—hev—to—hold—up at—the—Pass—I—reckon!'

Jake set his teeth.

The granite walls of the Pass were now just before them, and the roadway, descending and steep, ran into the shadow of the coming night and the gloom of the grave-like opening—a narrow path, but little wider than the couch itself.

The roar of the angry river far below knelled a never-ending warning as it ran, ragged and torn, among the jagged rocks, and the death-like mist that crept upward was damp and chill.

'I won't hold up!' and, with these words the driver struck his horses sharply, and, snorting, they sprang forward into the Devil's Pass.

At the same instant, half-way through the terrible gorge, standing motionless in the centre of the roadway, a beetling wall of rock upon the one hand, a chasm of uncertain depth upon the other, was seen a man!

Copper Tom was awaiting his quarry!

The old man at Pool's side uttered a cry, and loosening his grasp of the seat with one hand, he would have thrust into his breast: but the other leaned suddenly toward him, and pressing a revolver muzzle against his forehead, whispered, hoarsely:

'Down with your hands! If ye stir again I'll kill ye! I know ye, old Jim, an' ye can't catch Jake Pool nor his load this time! Down with yer hands!'

The shuddering rascal's hand fell at his side; his face grew ashen-hued, and his eyes stared before him. They were rapidly approaching Copper Tom.

For an instant as they drew near, that worthy stood facing them; then through the fading light he saw the position of his pal, upon whom he had depended—he saw the stern, set face of the driver—he saw the furious horses plunging down upon him—and with a terror stricken cry he turned and fled!

Could he but reach the lower end of the causeway he might escape—could he but find a single spot to turn aside he would be safe; but it was not to be.

Nearer and nearer thundered the iron-shod hoofs behind him, narrower grew the fatal road, until there rang a sudden horrible, despairing cry, mingled with the frightened snort of the horses, a dark something bent down before the plunging steeds, rolled an instant before their grinding feet, and then, spurned by the flying wheels, was hurled, an undistinguishable mass, into the canyon beneath, and the coach sped on!

Half an hour later, Jake Pool pulled into the corral at Dicken's ranch, and tumbling a half-fainting man into the arms of the astounded hostlers he said:

'Bind that man and give him to the sheriff!' It's old Jim, the road agent! His pard's at the bottom of the gulf in the Pass; this one ought to stretch hemp when the officers get him, and I've driven my last run from Gallatin! There's too much risk about the business for me!

And Jake kept his word. He no longer coaches it, but now keeps public house in Helena itself, where, not long since, at his own snug fireside, he told this thrilling tale.

Some men, and boys also, are so smart as to think they can dispense with honesty. Such usually over reach themselves, as did the boy referred to here:

A youngster was sent by his parent to take a letter to the postoffice and pay the postage on it. The boy returned highly elated, and said, "Father I seed a lot of men putting letters in a little place; and, when no one was looking, I slipped yours in for nothing."

The Democratic State Convention will meet at Williamsport September 28.

Local Small Talk.

—The cheerful note of the katydid is heard during the evening hours.

—Now, while vegetation is dying, is said to be the proper time to use disinfectants.

—Uninstructed delegates were mighty important personages on Tuesday, and much sought after.

—Cholera morbus seems to be the prevailing complaint in town. Several of our citizens are struggling with it.

—The work of repainting the public school building has begun. Doak & Loneberger were awarded the contract.

—There is unusual activity among the iron ore prospectors in this county. New fields are being opened up in every direction.

—Mr. Al. Sweeley, who is farming the P. B. Crider place, above Eagleville, Centre county, has tobacco that measures 38 by 22 inches.—[L. H. Journal.

—A Lancaster man killed sixteen ground hogs the other day. At this rate of extermination there won't be enough left for a decent observance of ground hog day.

—A new and dangerous counterfeit silver dollar is in circulation. The imitation of the genuine dollar is perfect, showing it to be the work of skillful counterfeiters.

—What has become of the Bellefonte Sportsman's Club? Has it gone out of business? If so, guess we'll shoulder our rod and take a stroll up the creek for trout some night.

—The agony is over with the Democratic candidates. Probably those who "got left" wish by this time they had devoted less time to electioneering and more to their farm crops.

—The fall of 1881 rapidly approaches, and in view of this fact we again mount the fence to inquire if the Centre County Agricultural Society intends holding a fair this year?

—Wm. Resides and Theodore Lucas, working on Crider's job at Glenn Harris, are the champion snake killers, so far as heard from. During the month of July they slaughtered thirty-six rattle snakes.

—High street is the best shaded street in the borough, and if it wasn't for climbing the hill afternoon promenaders would confine themselves mostly to this thoroughfare. At least, we imagine they would.

—A Bellefonte man, who has evidently been philosophizing over the proposed change of the word "hell" to "hades," gets off this couplet: "A rose, by any other name, would smell as sweet; hell just as hot, all the same."

—Messrs. S. A. Brew and Edward Tyson, of this place, are prospecting for ore on the farm of H. C. and J. C. Weaver, about five miles below town, on the Jacksonville road. We understand they have met with favorable results thus far.

—The Court House was scrubbed out Thursday and put to rights for court. If the reports concerning the condition of the stomachs of some of the delegates to the Democratic convention are correct, there is little doubt but that the building was badly in need of a floor scrubbing.

—Mr. John S. Holmes, of Marion township, candidate for County Commissioner, is making some extensive improvements on his premises, the cost of which will foot up to $1,000 or more. When completed Mr. Holmes will have one of the finest and handsomest barns in Centre county.

—It is reported that the main pipe being put down to supply Philipsburg with water is too small. By all means, then, it should be taken up and one large enough for all purposes laid in its place. Bellefonte knows how this is, having suffered great inconveniences for many years from the same cause.

—The Democratic ring "bosses" of Centre county slaughtered Joe W. Furey, Esq., in the Register contest. —[L. H. Journal. So it seems, and this is the way the Centre county Democracy rewards its faithful workers. It's no affair of ours, to be sure, but we like to see fairness even in our political opponents.

—Adam Hoy, Esq., of this place, Rev. J. Alfred Koser, of Pine Grove Mills, Rev. W. E. Fisher and Whitney Wolf, of Centre Hall, were in attendance at the annual meeting of the central alumni association of Pennsylvania College, which met in Williamsport Thursday. Rev. Koser was chosen essayist for next year.

—If tobacco smoke is offensive to you, and you happen to be in a car or room in which another person is puffing at a cigar, just jab him in the ribs with your umbrella or cane till he quits. According to an exchange, a New York judge recently decided that a man has a right to punch a smoker in the ribs with the end of his umbrella if he "puffs the smoke of a bad cigar in his face, even if it be in a smoking car." The man has a right to smoke and the umbrella man has a right to punch, and the New York law refuses to step in and say that either is wrong. The smoker who sued had to pay the costs.

—One of the organ grinders in town on Wednesday was rather inclined to be "lippy," and we are informed, insulted a number of ladies in the North ward because they didn't see fit to drop a handful of pennies into his hat. If he comes this way again, and makes use of any such language, he'll be very apt to receive a first-class thrashing before he gets out of town.

—The Williamsport *Gazette & Bulletin* alludes to our townsman, Adam Hoy, Esq., in this complimentary manner: Adam Hoy, Esq., of Bellefonte, a member of the Pennsylvania alumni association of Pennsylvania College, is here in attendance at the reunion of the association. Mr. Hoy looks so much like General Grant that he is often mistaken for that distinguished gentleman.

—Mr. Benjamin Gentzell, of Spring township, met with a severe accident Wednesday. While driving near the lime kiln his horse, a three-year-old colt, became frightened at some object and started off on a gallop, throwing Mr. Gentzell out and smashing the buggy to pieces. Mr. Gentzell struck on his head and was severely injured, a deep gash being cut in his head. He was taken to the office of Dr. Hibler, where his wounds were dressed.

—On the morning of Friday, Aug. 5, a Swede miner, employed by the Moshannon Coal Co., near Osceola, met with a fatal accident by which his body was crushed in a horrible manner. He was engaged at the foot of an inclined plane, and while busily at work on an empty car that was being drawn up the plane, in some manner became detached when near the mouth of the mine, and returned to the bottom with terrible velocity, striking the Swede and killing him instantly. The remains were gathered up and prepared for interment, which took place the same evening at 6 o'clock.

—The name of another good man appears in our announcement column as candidate for Commissioner—Mr. John S. Holmes, of Marion. Mr. Holmes has trained with the party through many a hard-fought campaign, and his Republicanism is of the "back-bone" stripe. He is a farmer by occupation, and as many of our readers are aware, is one of the largest wheat growers in the country. Although a tiller of the soil, Mr. Holmes is pronounced an excellent business man, and enjoys the confidence and respect of his fellow-citizens. Should he be nominated, the ticket will embrace no better man John S. Holmes.

—About a score of young ladies visited Penn Cave Thursday, solitary and alone, without a single strong arm to hold them in the boat or devour a morcel of the good stuff they had prepared for the occasion. This was rather severe on the boys, to say the least. But the latter, we guess, are about even with the girls. An indignation meeting was held in the afternoon, attended by all the "bhoys" in town, old and young, at which a series of resolutions were unanimously adopted, setting forth their grievances and binding themselves by all that is sacred that they would henceforth "fail to recognize hoopskirts as fit article of wearing apparel." They also denounce the present style of summer bonnets, and declare the whole thing utterly utter.

THE CONVENTION.

The Democratic "Love Feast" and "War Dance."

The Democratic County Convention met in the Court House Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and was called to order by Chairman Meek. On motion of Wm. Hamilton, J. N. Cassanova was elected president and C. K. Essington, D. F. Fortney and W. G. Morrison secretaries. Mr. Fortney then called the roll of delegates, who answered to their names and presented their certificates of election.

On motion of Mr. Hamilton it was resolved that the following be the order of nomination:

ASSOCIATE JUDGE—1ST BALLOT,

J. R. Runkle 53, W. H. Miller 19, Nathan J. Mitchell 16, D. Z. Kline 7, J. G. Larimer 38, John Rishel 19, M. Shaffer 17, P. W. Barnhart 9. Mr. Runkle was declared the nominee. A delegate from Taylor, sleeping during the call, but awakened to vote, was only able to get out "L-a-r-m—" before he emptied the contents of his stomach on the floor.

SECOND BALLOT.

Miller 13, Mitchell 11, Kline 6, Larimer 31, John Rishel 9, Shaffer 18, Barnhart 2. The secretaries not agreeing in the tally, it was repeated, and resulted as follows, Rishel being withdrawn: Miller 15, Mitchell 14, Kline 4, Larimer 35, Shaffer 18, Barnhart 5.

THIRD BALLOT.

Miller 17, Mitchell 12, Larimer 43, Shaffer 15, Barnhart 4. Kline, withdrawn. On the fourth ballot Larimer was nominated, receiving 49 votes.

Nominations for Sheriff, the most important elective office in the county, were next in order, and when the first ballot was reached it found twelve candidates in the race, as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.

L. T. Munson 17, T. J. Dunkle 18, Thos Coldron 5, W. H. Noll 6, M. Kerstetter 8, D. Wiland 3, J. B. Leathers 2, D. M. Neidegh 4, I. L. Neff 7, J. Q. Miles 5, George Hepe 9, S. K. Faust 8.

As the rule of dropping the candidate receiving the least number of votes after the third ballot had been adopted, Leathers skipped to the rear and the next ballot proceeded which did not alter the result, with the exception of retiring Wiland. Coldron and Neidigh withdrew after the third ballot. Miles was shelved in the fifth ballot, Noll on the sixth, Neff in the seventh, Kerstetter in the eighth and Hoffer in the ninth. Munson's name was here withdrawn, leaving Dunkle and Faust to measure their strength together. The next and final ballot resulted, Dunkle 56, Faust 36. Dunkle was declared the nominee and his nomination made unanimous.

The nomination of Dunkle soured a good many Democratic stomachs, and a number were observed leaving the building with an expression on their countenances somewhat resembling a cross between a scowl and a cross-eyed stare.

For Prothonotary, the name of J. C. Harper, the present occupant of the office, was presented. There being no opposition, he was nominated by acclamation, although several "No's" were heard coming from the rear of the assemblage.

Next in order were nominations for Register, the names of Jos. W. Furey, B. K. Jamison, Jas. A. McClain and Henry Beck being placed in nomination. The first ballot resulted: Furey 25, Jamison 11, McClain 31, Beck 33. Jamison was withdrawn, and the second ballot upset the expectations of Beck. The third ballot stood: McClain 63, Furey 26, and McClain was declared the nominee.

Mr. Frank E. Bible was named for Recorder, and nominated by acclamation.

The contest for Treasurer was quite animated. Six candidates entered the race, and the first ballot resulted: S. A. McQuistion 15, D. C. Keller 22, J. H. Holt 16, J. H. Griffin 8, G. W. Spangler 12, J. A. Smith 19. No nomination was reached until the fifth ballot, which resulted: Keller 53, Holt 23, McQulstion 15. McQuistion hung to it with reckless determination, and the man from Snow Shoe also concluded to Holt on to the last.

The next nominations in order were for county Commissioners. Nine candidates were placed in nomination, their names appearing in the first ballot as follows: P. H. Arney 5, John Hoy, Jr., 32, A. J. Greist 45, John Wolf 30, Wm. Lyon 5, J. W. Gardner 8, P. F. Bottorf 37, C. Alexander 9, Samuel Decker 12. In the second ballot Greist received 54 votes and was nominated. The fourth and deciding ballot stood: Wolf 47, Bottorf 45, and Greist and Wolf were declared the nominees.

Pierce Musser and John Proudfoot were nominated for County Auditors.

R. H. Foster, R. M. Magee and W. C. Heinle were nominated for County Chairman. After all the nominations had been made Mr. Foster arose and said that he would not make a contest for the office nor allow his name to go into ballot, whereupon he was elected by acclamation.

The ticket, on the whole, is considered a strong one. To say, however, that there were none who were very much disappointed and disposed to be beligerant would not be true, as there is always more or less bitterness after such a contest, and where so many candidates must be shelved. But this feeling will wear off after the friends of the defeated ones have had time to consider the matter, and they will probably conclude that a Democrat, not of their own choice, will, after all, be more acceptable than to lend their aid to the success of a political opponent. We wish it might be otherwise, yet we believe we are giving expression to a fact which we have learned by experience. But there is one of the successful candidates that will start out with no obstacles to obstruct the course of his progress to victory. We allude to J. Calvin Harper, our present Prothonotary, who was nominated for re-election by acclamation. Mr. Harper, in the last three years of public service, has won many friends among all parties by his affable, gentlemanly manner towards all with whom he has had business dealings. He is a young man of energy and promise, and by his great popularity will do much to help to bridge over many a weak place in the balance of the ticket.

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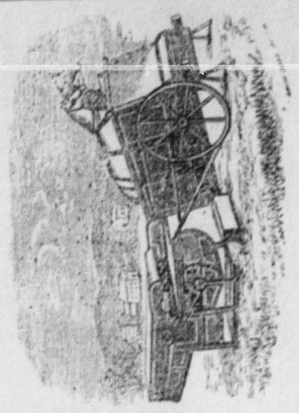

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DIRECTIONS. For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head, &c., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breaths through the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing, and healing the diseased membrane.

FOR DEAFNESS, apply a particle into the ear

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Having gained an enviable local reputation, displacing all other preparations in the vicinity of discovery, is, on its merits alone, recognized as a wonderful remedy wherever known. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical of its curative powers. It effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, allays inflammation and irritation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized after a few applications. A thorough treatment as directed will cure Catarrh. As a household remedy for cold in the head it is unequaled. The Balm is easy to use and agreeable. Sold by druggists at 50 cents. On receipt of 50 cents will mail a package. Send for circular with full information.
ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N.Y.
For sale by F. Potts Green, druggist, and by wholesale druggists generally. 9-26t [28-14t]

WILL YOU HAVE AN
M Brace?
THE
Most Perfect Device
For supporting Pantaloons
EVER KNOWN.
No Rubber.
No Springs.
A TRIAL FREE.
Price, from 25 cts. up.
FOR SALE BY
BAULAND & NEWMAN,
The Bee Hive One Price Store, Bellefonte, Pa

1,000,000 Acres Choice Lands
In the Great Wheat Belt. For sale by the WINONA & ST. PETER R. R. CO. at $2 to $6 per Acre, on easy terms, at low interest. Lowest fare and freight. Fare refunded to purchasers. A climate unsurpassed for healthfulness. The best market facilities. ☞ Guide and Maps giving full information FREE. Address CHAS. E. SIMMONS, Land Commissioner Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., Chicago, Illinois. Mention this paper.
IN MINNESOTA & DAKOTA
31-4t

FOR FINE JOB —PRINTING— GO TO THE REPUBLICAN

IN THE WHOLE HISTORY OF MEDICINE
No preparation has ever performed such marvelous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and lung disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.
For sale by all dealers. 12-39-1y

$100 A MONTH We offer paying employment to an intelligent man or woman in every town. We also want AGENTS for our unique, superb, highly commended, immensely popular and fast-selling NEW BOOK
Immense sales sure. Wanted in every family. Nothing like it. Agents make money fast. Send for circular and terms. Also for THE PEOPLES' MAGAZINE and GRAND PREMIUMS. Only $1.00 a year. Sample free for stamp, or 3 months for 10 cents. P. W. ZEIGLER & CO., 1000 Arch St., Philadelphia, or Chicago, Ill. 18-

PENSIONS
Procured for all soldiers disabled in the U. S. service from any cause, also for heirs of deceased soldiers. The slightest disability entitles to pension. PENSIONS INCREASED. Bounty and new discharges procured. Those in doubt as to whether entitled to anything, should send two 3 cent stamps for our "circular of information." Address, with stamps, STODART & Co., Solisitors of Claims and Patents, Washington, D. C. Lock box 623. Jy1 2m

Medical.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

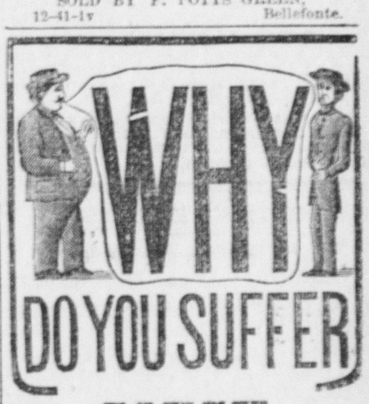
It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

SOLD BY F. POTTS GREEN,
12-41-1y Bellefonte.



With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so pleasant, so certain, and so safe, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a concentrated form, combined with the best Expectorants and Anodynes, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price 50 cents per bottle. Manufactured only by
F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

The Purest and Best Medicine ever Made.
A combination of Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion, with all the best and most effective curative properties of all other Bitters, makes the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agent on earth.
No disease can possibly long exist where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.
They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.
To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, Hop Bitters are invaluable, without intoxicating.
No matter what your feelings or symptoms are what the disease or ailment is use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick but if you only feel bad or miserable, use them at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.
Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made. The "INVALIDS FRIEND and HOPE" and no person or family should be without them.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Send for Circular. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N.Y and Toronto, Ont.
12-43

PE-RU-NA
"For pain in the limbs, back, stomach, breast, side or shoulder blades, take PERUNA."
"For cramp of the stomach, colic, diarrhœa, or vomiting, take PERUNA."
"For cough, asthma, night sweats, shortness of breath, take PERUNA."
"For chronic catarrh, bronchitis, pleurisy, and sore throat of any kind—PERUNA."
"PERUNA is the purest, most prompt and efficient medicine known to man."
"PERUNA is the best appetizer, purest tonic, finest invigorator of the body and mind."
"If you can't sleep, take PERUNA; if weak or worried mentally, can't rest, take PERUNA."
"$1000 will be paid for the least impurity or mineral that may be found in PERUNA."
Sold everywhere. For pamphlet write to S. B. HARTMAN & Co., Osborn, Ohio.
If you are sick, feel badly, or in any way unwell, take PERUNA and regulate the bowels with
MAN-A-LIN
13-13-1y

BEATTY'S ORGANS, 17 Stops, 5 set Golden Tongue Reeds, only $85 Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J. 31-4t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Republican County Executive Committee, 1881.

	NAMES.	P. O.
Bellefonte, N W,	Geo H Wolf	Bellefonte
" S W,	John R Bartruff	Bellefonte
" W W,	Geo A Bayard	Bellefonte
Howard boro,	Joseph Royer	Howard
Milesburg "	Joseph S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	Samuel D Musser	Millheim
Philipsb'g "	John Gowland	Philipsburg
Unionville "	Benjamin Rich	Fleming
Benner twp,	John Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs "	George Fleck	Milesburg
Burnside "	Wm Stewart, Jr.	Moshannon
College "	Dr Theo S Christ	Lemont
Curtin "	William Robb	Howard
Ferguson, O P,	Dr G H Woods	Pine Gr. Mills
" N P,	D M Clemson	Rock Springs
Gregg, O P,	R H Duncan	Spring Mills
" N P,	Emanuel Smith	
Haines twp,	Jas P Coburn	Aaronsburg
Half Moon "	Harry G Love	Loveville
Harris "	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Howard "	Wm T Leathers	Mt Eagle
Huston "	John C Henderson	Julian
Liberty "	Daniel B Kunes	Blanchard
Marion "	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Miles "	Simon Spangler	Rebersburg
Patton "	John B Mattern	Buffalo Run
Penn "	David Kimport	Millheim
Potter, O P,	James C Boal	Centre Hall
" N P,	W J Thompson	Potter's Mills
Rush twp,	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe "	Dr J P Glenn	Snow Shoe
Spring "	John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Taylor "	Geo W Merryman	Fowler
Union "	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker "	Henry Robb	Nittany
Worth "	Thos Weston	Port Matilda

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, Sec'y.

Republican Committee Meeting.

The members of the Republican County Executive Committee will meet in the office of the Chairman, at Bellefonte, on TUESDAY, AUG. 23d, 1881, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates to attend the State Convention at Harrisburg on Sept. 8th, prox., to choose three (3) Senatorial Conferees, to fix upon the time for holding the County Convention, and transact such other business as may be presented for consideration.

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, Sec'y.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

[Announcements must be paid for in advance. Rates made known upon application at the office.]

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce as candidate for Sheriff, ISAAC LOSE, of Bellefonte, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce SIMON M. SPANGLER, of Miles township, as a candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce JOHN I. RANKIN, of Bellefonte, as candidate for Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce as a candidate for Commissioner, CHRISTIAN DALE, Jr., of Benner township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce as a candidate for Commissioner, JOHN S. HOLMES, of Marion township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

We are authorized to announce as a candidate for Commissioner, B. W. SHIPLEY, of Unionville, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

THE LATEST NEWS.

The Latest from Washington.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—The day at the Executive Mansion has been marked by no special feature. Dr. Hamilton was present at the several dressings of the President's wound, and despite the fact that the bulletins show an increased temperature does not hesitate to declare that in his judgment the President is improving and that the case is very hopeful. He attributes the high pulse and temperature to the operation on Monday, and says he would have no apprehension if the same condition of pulse and temperature continued for several days. The doctors assert that the healing process is going on finely at the bottom of the wound, and the discharge of pus is gradually diminishing, although it continues perfectly healthy. This discharge has been a constant drain upon the system and any decrease is, in the present weak condition of the patient, a great gain. The President has had a better appetite and taken and relished a larger amount of food yesterday and to-day. Dr. Bliss is suffering from pus poisoning received through a cut in his right hand while handling the knives used at Monday's operation. His associate Dr. Reyburn, thinks it may confine him to his house a few days. Dr. Hamilton attributes the effect of the pus to the unfavorable physical condition of Dr. Bliss, whose health has been imparied by his constant attendance upon the President. Neither surgeon anticipates any serious result.

The Freight Fight.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 13.—The following are the particulars of a scheme for a line of steam propellers between Chicago and Prescott, with transshipment at Montreal or Quebeck into a line of ocean steamers. The company has been formed with a capital of $2,500,000 and will commence operations and enter into competition for the removal to Europe of this year's harvest. They have four floating elevators, which will be brought to Prescott to start with until permanent elevators can be constructed. The latter is intended to have a capacity of 1,000,000 bushels, though at first it will be built with machinery at one side and having a capacity of only one-half the number of bushels named, its extent being doubled when needed by the construction of the second half of the building. It is expected that this structure and necessary docks will be erected during the coming winter. The river barges as well as the lake steamers of the company will be built of steel cased with tamarac, and will be supplied with consorts, so that grain will be promptly unloaded at Prescott and be in Quebeck ready to be transshiped into ocean steamers there in forty-eight hours. Already close connection is said to have been made with the French Syndicate line of steamships running to Quebeck, by whom the ocean service will be performed.

Unveiling the Mollie Maguire Mystery at Dunbar.

UNIONTOWN, Aug. 13.—Much excitement was created here this morning on the arrival of the early B. & O. train, which brought up from Dunbar an officer in charge of John Kane, of that place, charged with complicity in the murder of Maurice Healy. He was arrested at Youngstown, a short distance from Dunbar, at an early hour this morning. The excitement was soon increased by the news that the next train would bring up a number of others, on the same charge. Accordingly four more were brought on the half past ten train, accompanied by R. J. Lincoln, on whose information the arrests were made, and W. C. McCormick and Frank Stevens, of this place. The names of the four are James McFarland. Pat Dolan, James Rogan, and John Collins. McFarland is a young boyish looking fellow, being but 19 years old He is a son of Pat McFarland, the hotel keeper in Dunbar, who was a bitter enemy of Healy on account of the active part the latter took in defeating his application for hotel license. The other prisoners are miners, and were arrested in the different mines around Dunbar. They were taken right out of the mines and brought to Uniontown with their mining clothes on and their little lamps in their hats,

EXCITEMENT AT THE DEPOT.

The word got out that there were still three men at large, who would probably be arrested to-day. This caused an excited crowd to gather around the B. & O. depot when the next train came in, which was at 12:23 in the afternoon. On this train came two more men, who had also been subsequently arrested in the mines near Dunbar. Their names are Mike Dolan and Mark Donahue. They were also brought up in their mining clothes. The detectives are yet on the track of Bernard Flood, who will probably be taken up soon. This will make eight men arrested on the charge of murdering Maurice Healy, foundry man at Dunbar Furnace, on the evening of Sunday June 26. How many of these men are guilty of committing the deed, and who of them are accessory to the act, is yet to be made known. The detectives have been following up clues in a quiet way ever since the murder, and they believe they have the right parties now under arrest. In 24 hours after the murder was committed the Pinkerton agency had their detectives on the ground, and they have never relaxed their search until it culminated to-day in the arrest of the parties who had so long and so mysteriously covered up their tracks.

LATER—THE EIGHTH MAN ARRESTED.

The eighth and last one of the Healy murderers, for whom warrants were issued, last night was arrested in Dunbar and brought here at seven o'clock this evening. The hearing of the men was deferred until all the arrests were made by order of Chief Linden. The hearing will be held soon; meanwhile the chief evidence on which the arrests were made is kept secret.

Three or four of the Pinkerton detectives engaged work in the coal mines as common miners, and it was through their investigations and the confidences they gained among the miners that the informations were made. The detectives who worked up the case, it is understood, are still keeping in the background, for some reason.

Indian Troubles.

DENVER, Col., August 15.—A special despatch of yesterday's date to the *Republican* from McCarthy, New Mecico, says:—"Couriers have just arrived from La Savoye ranche, forty miles from here, with intelligene that Lieutenant Guilfoyle had reached there last night. They found two men dead, and learned that three women had been carried off captives. Lieutenant Guilfoyle had two fights with the Indians very recently and captured considerable stock besides routing them. The troops in the field have been traveling night and day and are very much fatigued. Francis Doran, of Cambera, is here with a large party of Mexicans, but without arms, and asks the government to furnish ammunition, that they may at once commence operations against the Indians. The hostiles are between La Savoye and the Datil Mountain. Troops are being sent from Monica Avera to intercept them, and it is thought they will succeed in doing so."

A Journal Divided Against Itself.

WELLSVILLE, O., August 13.—The Wellsville *Union* has doubled up or divided up or multiplied itself or something of the sort. Its subscribers are receiving two separate and distinct papers of the same name and published by the same firm from two separate and distinct offices and all at the price of one paper. This arrangement may seem somewhat mixed, and so it is, for the proprietors of the *Union* are themselves so badly tangled up in their business that the lawyers could not straighten them out. Each one has a story to tell, and something like this: Mr. D. C. Young some three or four months ago bought out half of the good-will of the *Union*, but no material or any interest in the job work was included, and he was to take charge of the paper as editor. This he did and all seemed to be going along satisfactory, but of late there has been dissatisfaction in some way or other.

Mr. J. Wiggins claims Mr. Young was to devote his full time to the columns of the *Union*, and that this he did not do, and depended on some of his "venerable typos" to do his work while he sat around and did nothing. This Mr. Wiggins thought detrimental to the paper, and told him so. A few days ago Mr. Young came to the conclusion that things were too hot around the old *Union* office so he packed up all of his traps while Mr. Wiggins was up at the camp ground and skipped out and moved what he called the *Union* office to the upper end of Shull's book store. He has bought new type and material, press, &c., and will continue to publish the *Union*, and at the same time Mr. Wiggins will publish the *Union* also. Several little skirmishes have come off at the postoffice on account of who should get the *Union* mail. How long this mixed up affair will continue is not known.

Lightning's Work.

ST. LOUIS, August 13.—About 6:30 o'clock yesterday the Atlantic Flouring Mills, corner of Main and Plum streets, was struck by lightning and is now a mass of ruins, scarcely a brick or a stone of the splendid structure remaining. An explosion seems to have instanly followed the stroke of lightning and nearly all the upper part of the mill burst open and its walls were cracked and riven from top to bottom. The bolt had scarcely touched the building when fire issued, as if by magic, from its every part, and in half an hour the mill and its entire contents were completely destroyed.

A number of men at work on the different floors were blown out doors receiving serious and perhaps fatal injuries, and it is feared several perished in the flames. The fire immediately spread to the Furure City oil works, extending on Plum street from Main to the river front, and they are now burning with intense fierceness and fury. A warehouse containing rosin and turpentine, on the same block, is also in flames, and the Plum street depot of the Iron Mountain road, on the opposite street, is in great danger.

Severe Storm.

PETERSBURG, Va., August 15, 1881.—A drenching rain, accompanied by thunder lightning and a perfect gale of wind, occurred here this afternoon which resulted in considerable damage to property by the force of the wind. A large freight warehouse on the Norfolk and Western Railroad was badly unroofed, as were the shops of the Petersburg and Weldon Railroad Company, and Cameron's large tobacco factory. Among other damage done the grand stand at West End Park was completely demolished, and on the City Almshouse farm two houses were blown down. A number of houses were struck by lightning, and, in one instance, a mother and daughter were stunned by the fluid. Many trees were uprooted and other damage done.

Attempted Murder and Suicide

PORTLAND, Me., August 13.—Charles Boyton, a river driver and mill hand, aged fifty-two years, has lately resided in Saco with his wife. Two days ago she went to her mother's at Bar Mills. He followed and this morning going to her room demanded if she would ever live with him again. She replied, "No." He then fired a revolver and missed her. She sprang from the second story window to the ground unhurt. Her sister, Mrs. Waterhouse, entered the room and was twice fired at by Boyton, one ball passing through the pam of her hand, the other entering her breast. He then shot himself through the pit of the stomache and expired instantly. Mrs. Waterhouse will probably die.

Committed Suicide.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 15.—John Anderson, a well known New York journalist, hanged himself in his room in a cottage on Putnam street at an early hour this morning. Deceased was reporting the races for an evening paper. The presumption is that the rash act was done during mental aberration. The Coroner has charge of the remains.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—This is delightful picnic weather.

—Pure syrups and molasses at Sechler's.

—Large stock of confectionery at Sechler's—pure and fresh. Children flourish on it.

—My children had sore throat. Peruna cured them. M. P. Lenhart, Irwin Station, Pa.

—Bellefonte now has telephonic communication with Snow Shoe, the line having been completed Monday.

—T. H. and B. stand for Tar, Honey and Bloodroot (Green's, of course), the best cough remedy in the market.

—Ulcerated and itching limbs. Doctors failed. Peruna cured me. Mrs. P. Dawson, Nevosburg, Pa.

—Work at Valentines' rolling mill will be suspended for about a week in order to repair the furnace and make other necessary improvements.

—If you want success in cooking, buy your spices and other needful articles of Sechler & Co. You will find them just as represented—pure and fresh.

—Water Superintendent Rine informs us that more water is being used in Bellefonte at present than at any other period in his recollection.

—The coming fair promises to be the most successful and interesting ever held in this county. Special attention will be given to the amusement department.

—If you desire a pure, fresh article in the grocery line, go to Sechler's; if an inferior article, go somewhere else. None but the fresh and genuine can be purchased at Sechler's.

—The cigars and cigarettes sold by Harry Green are made of genuine material, and a better article cannot be found in this section. Good judges will tell you so every time.

—At Sechler & Co.'s can always be found the best and cheapest groceries for family use sold in Bellefonte. The purity and freshness of these goods are what recommend them.

—A good many thousand cigars were consumed at camp meeting yesterday, and gentlemen who went from Bellefonte all bought of Harry Green, because his have a better reputation than any sold outside of Philadelphia—and no mistake.

—Messrs. Somerville, Crider & Co., have disposed of their store at Snow Shoe, Mr. H. S. Frank, of Philadelphia being the purchaser. According to the inventory about $20,000 worth of goods were on hand at the time of the sale. Mr. Frank took possession on Saturday last.

—Clement Dale and C. M. Bower, Esqrs., have returned from Haines twp. where they had been engaged for several days as attorneys in taking evidence in regard to the division of the township into two separate election districts. Their finding will be submitted to the court next week.

—The *Watchman* corrects an error which occurred in our report of the proceedings of the Democratic county convention. Mr. Beck, candidate for Register, was credited with 33 votes on first ballot, which was ten more than he received on either ballot, 23 being the correct number.

—By reference to our telegraphic columns it will be seen that the Virginia Republicans are not so badly split up after all. They held two conventions, appointed two separate State committees, but nominated no candidates. The straight-outs adopted a platform, which appears to us to be a good one.

—"I'm going to Sechler's for another lot of his prime family groceries," said a man on Saturday, as he rushed down High street with a basket on each arm. "Wife says she never saw their equal in all her born days, and hasn't had any bad luck in cooking since she began using them. By all means use Sechler's goods if you want to prosper.

—Gotlieb Haag, the pleasant Gap hosteler and distiller, seems to be prospering in his several business enterprises. He will shortly break ground for the erection of a grist mill at Pleasant Gap, on the ground just above his hotel property. He is also placing in his distillery a new twenty horse power engine and boiler. This is certain evidence of prosperity. Gordon & Landis of this place, are furnishing all the machinery.

—Death has been reaping a rich harvest in this locality. Besides the unusual number of deaths we have lately been called upon to chronicle, we are compelled to record the demise of Mr. Ammon E. Wolf, which occurred on Sunday last at his home in Rebersburg, of consumption. Mr. Wolf was prominently identified with our educational institutions as an educator for many years, and was greatly attached to his profession. He died in his 32d year, leaving to mourn his untimely death a young wife and child, besides a large circle of relatives and friends. The Messrs. Harper, of this place, are closely related to the deceased. Peace to his ashes.

—Our citizens were surprised to hear, on Saturday night, of the death of Mr. Abram Rine, which occurred a few minutes after 9 o'clock at his residence in the West ward. Mr. Rine was the victim of a severe attack of erysipelas in the head, and was ill but a few days. He was sixty-five years of age, and leaves a family of twelve children.

—No young man in Harrisburg wants a free scholarship in a college. Strange. And yet complaint is made of lack of educational facilities for those who seek a collegiate course, and are debarred by lack of means. —*Harrisburg Telegraph.* The above refers to the magnificent offer recently made by the State College. The *Telegraph's* remarks are to the point. Some people never appreciate a free gift.

—The Coal Company mill, near Snow Shoe, operated by P. B. Crider & Son, which was destroyed by fire several weeks since, has been rebuilt and is now running to its fullest capacity. The Glenn Harris mill owned and operated by the same energetic firm is also crowded with work, and we are informed has orders enough ahead to keep them busy as bees for at least two months to fill. This has a very healthful appearance, to say the least.

—The colored brethren throughout the county will hold a religious bush meeting in Patton township commencing on the 28th instant and continuing over two Sundays. The meeting will be held in Gray's grove, near Waddle's school house, and it is expected to be largely attended by the colored people from Centre and adjoining counties. Rev. G. G. Skinner, of this place, seems to be the moving spirit in the venture, and he is assisted by his brother clergy in this and other places. Distinguished colored divines from abroad are expected to be present.

—When a young man tells you he doesn't believe in churches begging all the time, and he won't go to church at all if he can't listen to a sermon without having the contribution basket stuck under his nose, you will generally see that man whack in to make up a purse for a horse race or subscribe for the Sunday concerts without a murmur.—*Ex.*

That's so; and more so, he would buy second-hand clothing for his children (if he had any) to wear, make his wife chop the wood and get up in the morning and start the fire, and feed his family on stale, adulterated, unwholesome groceries because he could get them cheap. The fact that nearly everybody hereabouts gets his groceries at Sechler & Co.'s is sufficient evidence that there are not many of that kind of people in this vicinity. Nothing but pure, fresh, wholesome groceries are kept at Sechler's, and everybody that doesn't "kick" against the contribution box should go there for his family supplies.

Personal Mention.

Superintendent Bailey and wife, of the Telephone Company, are stopping at the Bush.

S. Linn Longwell, Lawrence Brown's book-keeper, is spending a week's vacation in Philadelphia.

Miss Edith Gregg, of Lewisburg, and a Miss Ligget, of Virginia, are sojourning with the Greggs, in Millesburg.

W. R. Jenkins, of the firm of W. P. Duncan & Co., is off on a jaunt to the sea shore, and will be absent several weeks.

F. W. Crider, Esq., spent Sunday last on the Wayne camp grounds. He reports a delightful trip and an excellent spiritual feast

We regret to announce that Mr. George Weaver, an aged and respected citizen of Bellefonte, is lying seriously ill at his residence on Howard street with a severe pulmonic affection. We hope to be able to chronicle a speedy convalescence.

Messrs. McSherry and Wolf, Bible agents, who have been canvassing Centre county for several months, send us a card submitting a report of their workings in our midst. In the report we find that they have visited 774 families, out of which they found fifty who were without a copy of the sacred word, and all of whom were supplied either by sale or gift. The contributions received from different sources were sufficient to pay for all books thus gratuitously disposed of.

—The new "B" Howe Sewing machine, a perfect novelty; call at the Howe Sewing machine office, Allegheny St. Bellefonte, and see it.

MRS. N. K. DARE, Agent.
A. C. Moore, Manager.

—Nothing so good for headache and dyspepsia as Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cents. All druggists have them. 31

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING CO., 41 Barclay Street, N. Y., are promptly issuing their reprints of the *British Reviews* for July. *The Edenburgh Review*, just out, will be found a very valuable number. We can only briefly note the principle contents. The first paper gives an interesting account of the organization, belief, and results of "Methodism," which it considers one of the great bulwarks of the faith among the middle classes in England. Then follows a paper on "Cæsar's Campaigns in Britain." "Sweden under Custavus the III." treats of some important passages in the constitutional history of Sweden, as illustrated by the recent investigations of French writers. "The Society of antiquaries" gives an account of the origin of the Society, of its struggles for life, what it has prepared to do, and what it has accomplished. "Japan Revolutionized" is a review of books by Sir E. J. Reed and Miss Bird, with many quotations. "The Revised Version or the New Testament" treats of the various translations hitherto made, explains the plan of the last one, and makes a large number of minute criticisms, expressing, on the hole, disappointment. There are interesting reviews of "Shadwell's Life of Lord Clyde," and "Philippsen's Henry IV. and Philip III."

The Westminster Review has also appeared from the same press. Every one will turn to the carefully written article "George Eliott; Her Life and Writings." In her early days she was not only a contributor, but assisted in the editorship of this review; and it is fitting that its pages should contain the story of her life.

The periodicals reprinted by The Leonard Scott Publishing Co., (41 Barclay Street, N. Y.) are as follows: *The London Quarterly, Edenburgh, Westminster*, and *British Quarterly Reviews*, and *Blackwood's Magazine*. Price $4 a year for any one, or only $15 for all, and the postage is prepaid by the Publishers.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for August is magnificently illustrated. It opens with a frontispiece—an illustration for Margaret Veley's poem "Almond Blossom"—drawn by Abbey and engraved by Cole. In its marvellous delicacy this cut seems to almost transcend the possibilities of wood engraving. Mr. Abbey also contributes a fine full-page illustration of Herrick's poem, "The Parcæ or, Three Daintie Destinies."

Henry P. Johnston contributes a timely and exceedingly interesting paper on "The Surrender of Cornwallis," which is richly illustrated from paintings by Sir Joshua Reynolds, Gilbert Stuart, Colonel Trumbull, and J. S. Copley, and drawings by W. L. Sheppard.

Samuel Adams Drake's series of papers the White Mountains is concluded. Mr. Gibson's drawings illustrating this part are remarkably effective.

Mrs. Champney's Portuguese papers are also concluded in this Number. Among the illustrations for this part are some excellent views of Cintra, Combra, and the convents of Santa Clara and Alcobaca.

T. B. Aldrich concludes his charming sketch of Tangier, entitled "A Day in Africa," beautifully illustrated.

One of the most important contributions to the Number is Mr. Fredrick G. Mather's paper, "Water-Routes from the great Northwest." This paper is especially timely in connection with the opening of the New Welland Canal; and all questions of interest as to the future ascendency of the Erie Canal or the St. Lawrence system, as well as the bearings of Mississippi transportation and railway competition, are very thoroughly discussed. The article is amply illustrated with maps and plans.

A brief paper of retrospective character, entitled "Then," written by James T. Fields during his last illness, is one of the most delightful things in the Number.

Richard M. Johnston contributes a humorous Georgia sketch, entitled "The Various Languages of Billy Moon." Another short story, contributed anonmously, "Miss Pickett," is a strong delineation of New England character. The serial novels by Thomas Hardy and Miss Woolson are continued.

Hugh Craig contributes a suggestive article, entitled "Assassins and Nihilists"—an interesting comparison between the old Assassin, Hassan Ben-Saba, known as "The Old Man of the Mountain," and Bakunin, the Nihilist.

William Pope Dabney tells a very significant anecdote of President Madison and his discussion with a Baptist preacher concerning the ratification of the Constitution—a discussion which removed the preacher's opposition to Mr. Madison's election to the Constitutional Convention, and thus had an important effect upon our national history.

Poems are contributed by Miss Sarah Jewett, Mrs. Louise Chandler Moulton, and Miss Margaret Veley.

Mr. Curtis, in the Easy Chair, writes most charmingly of the Newport Belles of a Century ago, of the Greek Play at Harvard, and of Edwin Booth's welcome in London. The other editorial departments are as full and interesting as usual.

Bible Study, No. 2—1st Cor. 14: 34, 35.

"Let your women keep silence in the churches; for it is not permitted unto them to speak; but they are commanded to be under obedience, as also saith the laws. And if they will learn any thing, let them ask their husbands at home; for it is a shame for women to speak in the church." 1st Cor. 14: 34, 35.

If these women had husbands that they could ask at home as the apostle alleges in the 35th verse, and they were under the law that gives the husband rule over the wife as he alleges in the 34th verse; then these women must have been wives; and it must have been with reference to the wife's duties toward her husband that these passages were written.

Therefore, that we may more easily arrive at a clear understanding of the verses under consideration let us for women substitute wives, and we read "Let your wives keep silence in the churches; for it is not permitted unto them to speak; (in public;) but they are commanded to be under obedience, (to their husbands,) as also saith the law. And if they will learn any thing, let them ask their husbands at home: (to speak for them); for it is a shame (to their husbands) for wives to speak in the church."

From the apostle's reference to the law of God, and his direction, to ask their husbands, it is evident that he is speaking of woman only as a wife and of her duties toward her husband, in the married state. Now if it was of wives only that the apostle was speaking to the church of Corinth, as seems manifest from these passages, as well as from the law of God referred to therein; then it must be evident to all, that the apostle is teaching the church of Corinth, that it is the wife's duty to be subject and obedient to her husband; for this is the unchangeable law of God; and this we apprehend embraces the full extent and scope of these passages.

How any but Antichrist could ever have drawn from these passages the unscriptural doctrine, that christian women are forbidden to glorify the God that has had mercy on them, by engaging in audible public prayer and thanksgiving to him is as unexplainable by the writer as Darwin and Huxley's theory of evolution.

MEMBER OF BIBLE CLASS.

—Special inducements for orders for Clothing during the summer months.

12-50tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

Cured of Drinking.

"A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for liquor, which had so prostrated him that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst; took away the appetite for liquor; made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups. I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it." —From a leading railroad official, Chicago, Ill.—*Times.*

—Have you seen the new style Wooden Curb for Chain Pumps? and by the way are you aware that the chain pumps are being daily substituted for the other pumps in use. Wilson, McFarlane & Co. are making a specialty of these pumps. If you want pure, cold water don't fail to get a Chain Pump.

—I. Guggenheimer & Co. have the sole agency and exclusive sale of our justly celebrated men's and boys' Rochester clothing.

12-tf SCHWARZ BROS. & CO.

—The retail price of Logan Cement on and after this date will be two dollars per barrel and no charge for bags or barrels. H. K. Hicks.

New Advertisements.

Bellefonte Academy

A SEMINARY FOR

Young Ladies and Gentlemen.

The young ladies are educated apart from the young gentlemen in the *school room*. They are under the care of lady teachers, while the males are under the care of gentlemen teachers. In the class-rooms the sexes are educated together. This plan, after much and varied experience, we consider the best for the successful training of the young.

The Young Ladies' School

will re-open on MONDAY, SEPT. 5, under the supervision of Miss ADA KELLOGG, a graduate of Mt. Holyoke Seminary, in the class of 1870. She has had successful experience as an instructor and disciplinarian for five years, at Saybrook, Conn., and six years in the Norwich Seminary, in New York. She comes to us with the highest testimonials, as a lady of Christian character and culture, and as a teacher skilled and accomplished.

School for Little Boys and Girls.

The Primary School will re-open on MONDAY, SEPT. 5, under the management of Mrs. J. S. ROBERTS, whose system, thoroughness and progress were so manifest in all the classes, and so satisfactory, during the past year.

School for Young Men and Boys.

The Male School will re-open on TUESDAY, SEPT. 6th. The Principal will take charge of the Mathematical and Business departments, assisted in the Classical and Scientific studies by Mr. E. N. MCGIFFERT, who has already proven himself master in these branches, and admirably capable of imparting thorough instruction to all pupils who wish to pursue them.

The corps of teachers will be complete, and the course of study wide in its range, comprehending in English Mathematics, Ancient and Modern Languages, Music and Drawing, all that is necessary to prepare our youth for a successful business life, or for the best colleges in the land.

Young ladies and gentlemen from abroad who wish to avail themselves of the advantages of this institution, can obtain good boarding and homes in the town, at from $3 to $4 per week. Those in clubs can board themselves at one-half the above prices.

Pupils are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the re-opening of the session.

J. P. HUGHES,
Principal.

31-dw3w

CUTICURA Permanently Cures Humors of the Scalp and Skin.

Cuticura remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of Cuticura, a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes, 50c; large boxes, $1. Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Medicinal Toilet Soap, 25c. Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15c; in bars for barbers and large consumers, 50c. Principal depot, WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

31-4t

☞ All mailed free on receipt of price.

$1,000 Reward

For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching Ulcerated or Protruding PILES that DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. Miller, M. D., 915 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. None genuine without his signature. Send for circular. All druggists or general stores have it or will get it for you. $1. Sold in Bellefonte by F. Potts Green, Druggist. 32-2m

ALL THE NEWS OF THE DAY IS GIVEN in the REPUBLICAN.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that John Harnish having left his home without my consent, I caution all persons not to harbor or trust him on my account, as I will pay no bills of his contracting.

JOHN HARNISH.

Milesburg, Aug. 15, 1881. 32-3t*

ESTRAY.—CAME UPON THE PREMISES of the subscriber in Spring township, near Pleasant Gap, on or about the 2d of July, 1881, a RED HEIFER, with a few white spots, about a year old. The owner is hereby notified to prove property, pay charges and take the animal away or it will be disposed of according to law. ALBERT SMELTZER.

Bellefonte, Aug. 13, 1881. 32-3t

POUND SALES.—BY VIRTUE OF AN ACT of Assembly passed April 10, 1873, in such cases made and provided, there will be exposed to public sale at the Borough Pound in Bellefonte, on FRIDAY, the 26th day of AUGUST, one white Bull, with freckled fore shoulders, straight horns, and about four years old, if not reclaimed by the owner in the meantime. Seized as at large in the borough of Bellefonte.

GEO. W. WALKER,
32-ts High Constable.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of ANN PLETCHER, deceased, late of Howard township, Centre county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

31-6t* RUDOLPH PLETCHER,
Howard, Aug. 3, 1881. Administrator.

LETTING.—PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING a two-story school house in the Fair Ground Sub-District of Spring School District, will be received by the Secretary of the School Board, at the Commissioners' office, until 4 o'clock SATURDAY, AUG. 20. Specifications can be seen at the Cammissioners' office. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. AMOS MULLEN, Pres't.

HENRY BECK, Sec'y. 31 2t

WANTED ON SALARY.

Men to sell Trees, Shrubs, Grape Vines, Roses, etc. No previous experience necessary. Expenses paid. J. F. LECLARE. Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. 31-4t

WANTED—Agents for the

Golden Dawn,

Or, Light on the Great Future

in this life, through the dark valley, and in the life eternal; as seen in the best thoughts of leading authors and scholars, among whom are Bishops Simpson, Foster, Warren, Hurst and Foss, Joseph Cook, Beecher, Talmage, Dr. Currie, Dr. March, Dr. McCosh, Dr. Crosby, Dr. Cuyler, Geo. D. Prentice, Dean Stanley, Whittier, Longfellow and others. The subjects treated are Death, Immortality, Millenium and Second Advent, the Resurrection, Judgment, the Punishment of the Wicked, and the Reward of the Righteous. A rich feast awaits the reader of this book. It contains the grandest thoughts of the world's greatest authors, on subjects of the most profound interest to everyone. Not gloomy, but brilliant. There is not a dull page in the book. It is absolutely without a rival. Everybody will read it. School teachers, students, young men and ladies, acting as agents for this book are making over $100 per month. Sells fast. One agent sold 71 first 15 days, another 46 in 8 days, another 11 in one day, another 15 and 5 Bibles in 5 days, a lady sold 9 in 10 hours. Secure territory quick. Also agents wanted for the best illustrated Revised New Testament, and for the finest Family Bibles ever sold by agents. Send for circulars. P. W. ZEIGLER & CO., 915 Arch St., Philadelphia; 180 East Adams St., Chicago.

32-2m

New Advertisements.

The Graphic World.

We call attention to the *Graphic World* as the cheapest illustrated paper now offered to the public. Its illustrations are the best works of the artists and engravers of the day. Its humor is fresh, free from indelicacy, and well illustrated by numerous wood-cuts. It is not allied to any class, but strives to please every one, while offending no one, and is the best family paper published.

With the issue of July 30th we will give all our subscribers a fine portrait of GENERAL GARFIELD, suitable for framing.

All subscribers taken before September 1st will receive in addition a tinted picture (suitable for framing) of IROQUOIS, the now famous winner of the Derby races.

Subscribe at once. **ONLY $1.50 PER ANNUM.** Address THE GRAPHIC WORLD, 270 South Third st., Phila. AGENTS WANTED.

EXECUT R'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JOHN SHOPE, deceased.—Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

WILLIAM BAIRD,
30-6t P. O. address, Milesburg, Pa.

DOLL & MINGLE.

RELIABLE

BOOTS & SHOES.

BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Ladies' Lace Shoes for $1.00.
Ladies' Button Shoes for $1.50.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes for 90c.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes, kid foxed, for $1.25.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 25c.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 50c.
Ladies' Lasting Slippers for 42c.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.25) for $1.85.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.00) for $1.65.
Gents' good Leather Slippers, 85c.

In addition to the above we have an elegant line of Ladies,' Misses' and Children's FINE SHOES, FINE SLIPPERS and WALKING SHOES.

Our Ladies' French Kid of the Dimon & Disbrow make, are universally pronounced to be superior in every respect to any in the United States. Every pair warranted.

We can save you money. Try us and be convinced.

DOLL & MINGLE.

13-tf

PITTSBURG FEMALE COLLEGE

And Pittsburg Conservatory of Music.

ONE HUNDRED FULL MUSIC LESSONS FOR EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.

Seven distinct schools. Twenty-four teachers. Attendance past year, 378. Superior advantages in Liberal Arts, Music, Drawing and Painting, Elocution, Modern Languages, Needle Work and Wax Work. **Charges less than any equal school in the United States.** Twenty-seventh year opens September 6. Send for new Catalogue to

28-2m REV. I. C. PERSHING, Pittsburg, Pa.

WHAT WE HAVE NOT GOT!

We have no Dress goods, all wool, and a yard wide, at 8 cents per yard.

We have no yard-wide Muslins at 2 cents per yard.

We have no Calicos at 2 cents per yard.

We have no hand-made Shoes, all warranted, at 75 cents per pair.

We have no First-Class, all wool suits for Men, at $2.50.

We have no trash of any kind that we are trying to gull the community with.

BUT WE HAVE GOT

A better grade of Dress Goods, at 15 cents and up, than can be bought at any other store in Bellefonte at same price.

We have at from 6 cents up a better value in Bleached and Unbleached Muslins than the same price will buy you elsewhere.

We have CARPETS that have two ounces more wool to the yard, at same prices that lower grades bring elsewhere.

We have the LARGEST STOCK of CARPETS, best assortment to select from that can be found in Centre county.

We have the best Three Dollar Child's Suits that the money can procure.

We have the best Five Dollar School Suits in Bellefonte for that price.

We have the best Ten Dollar Suits for Men sold anywhere.

We have the best work, trimmings, fits and appearance in our Clothing for the money procured in the county. All first-class Clothiers are selling the same make of Clothing. No slop-shop trash, thrown or pasted together, but regularly sewed, same as any Merchant Tailor would or could make them.

We have the very best hand-made BOOTS and SHOES that we can find, and warrant them. And our warrant means just what it expresses.

We have a reputation of 30 years' trading at stake to uphold all we advertise.

We have the interest of our Trade at stake, and always strive to keep our Customers well satisfied. This we accomplish by always giving the full value for what money they give us.

Call and convince your wavering mind.

S. & A. LOEB.

15-tf

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE.

In order to close out our entire stock of Light Weight Goods, which is about complete in each department, we have Marked Down every Garment to such Low Prices that it will be to the advantage of the public to avail themselves of this opportunity to obtain the greatest bargains offered in

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, etc.

We are bound to close out all our light weight goods in order to make room for our New Fall Stock.

M. ASH, Proprietor.

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE, Opposite Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte.

New Advertisements.

Second Arrival of Spring Goods!

Our trade has been so much larger than we expected that Mr. Gust Lyon has been compelled to go East for a

SECOND SPRING STOCK.

We have just received the handsomest stock of LAWNS, very beautiful Patters, from 7c upward

A NEW LINE OF

BUNNTING, GRENADINES and HERNANIS.

WE CAN SHOW YOU A HANDSOME LINE OF

CHINTZES, CRETONNES, AND PERCALES.

Undoubtedly we have the Best and most varied Assortment of

Ladies' Underwear, Skirts, Night Gowns, and Suits Complete.

We have SKIRTS from 38 cts. to $6.50, trimmed in EMBROIDERY or LACE. CHEMISE from 40 cts. to $3, in all Styles. Lady Clerks in attendance to show you these goods.

LADIES' LINEN ULSTERS,

The Largest Variety now Open that can be Found Anywhere. We need not quote prices of them, but we Guarantee them 15 cts. Cheaper than any other House in the County. In PARASOLS, we can Beat anything around here

Ladies' Slippers, Walking Shoes, Button Walking Shoes, Inlaid Sandals

BOX TOED and otherwise; we can show you about 30 varieties, bought direct from the Mananufacturers.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

The Largest and Most Complete Stock of CLOTHING Ever Brought to Town.

SUMMER SUITS, $3,75,

A BEAUTIFUL LIGHT AND MEDIUM WEIGHT SUIT AND HEAVY SUITS AT $4.75.

A Good Linen and Cassimer Suit at $5.00. A nice Dress Suit at $6.75, $7.50, $8.00, $10.00—Good Quality. Light and Dark Cassimers. The best qualities of Suits, in all wool Cassimeres, Diagonals, Basket Patterns, and Vassalburgs, from $10.00 up.

We are willing to wager that we have sold more Pants this Season as any 30 other concerns combined; Because we had better and better made, and Cheaper than you can find anywhere. Boys' Good Pants, 75 cents. Mens' Good Pants, $1.00

We have Warner & Co's Celebrated Pants for $1.25; Celebrated because they are better made and better goods than any other Pants for the money.

Boots! Boots! Shoes! Shoes!

We can now show Three Times as many Shoes than any other concern. Men's Low Cut Button Shoes, Oxford Ties, High Button Shoes, Buckle Shoes. We have them very cheap for parties who don't want to pay much, from $1.25 up. And we have the best, good, serviceable and fine Shoes.

Come and see for yourselves if we don't do all we say. We are running four large stores, and buy goods direct from the Manufactures, and we can offer to sell cheap. All goods marked in plain figures, and strictly One Price,

LYON & CO.

Branch Stores--Philipsburg, Pa., Reynoldsville, Pa., Houtzville, Pa.

w14-6m dm13-tf ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN.

If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening at a distance of 10 inches, your eyes are failing, no matter what your age, and your eyes need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size but plain.

It is known to all who have been compelled to resort to the use of Spectacles (notwithstanding they may be perfectly fitted to correct the optical defects), that for some cause, not until recently well defined, their use was attended with fatiguing, smarting, and otherwise disagreeable sensations. This is a universal fact of experience, and has been supposed to be entirely beyond remedy. This disagreeable sensation and disturbance of the eye is produced chiefly, perhaps we ought to say entirely, from the fact that ordinary lenses increase the sensation of heat (to which the eye, more than any other organ or part of the body, is sensitive), as also the actinic or chemical properties of the rays of light.

It is well known that these peculiarities of light are identified with certain colors of each ray; and the point of importance, or without using technicalities, is to construct lenses so that these properties of light shall be neutralized; this can be done by introducing a neutralizing tint into their manufacture, the difficulty of which, however, consists in the selection of a color which shall have this effect, and, at the same time, shall not otherwise impair the lenses for purposes of vision. The

Arundel Tinted Lens

Is designed to effect this purpose. The peculiarity of its manufacture consists in the introduction into the glass of a slight Violet Color, *in such manner that the* high *and* low *numbers of the lens prepared from this glass, although* varying in thickness, *are of the same delicate tint and of sufficient power to neutralize the heating and actinic power of the rays of light. Read the following:*

[From R. S. Mershon, Esq., Zanesville, Ohio.]

"I have put the Arundels through the following tests:—I placed an eight-inch Arundel, and an eight-inch white lens side by side, sharply focused in the strong sunlight, with their foci directed on the bulbs of two thermometers, and the difference was four (4°) degrees in temperture in favor of the ARUNDEL. Again, I placed the same lenses side by side on a piece of sensitized photographic paper, and the white glass discolored the surface quicker than the ARUNDEL. These two tests prove these two points, viz: that the ARUNDEL intercepts the solar heat-rays and the chemical rays also."

And the following from a Centre county man whose letter can be seen at my store:

* * * *"I am very much pleased with the glasses. They have been more beneficial to my eyes than all the medicine I ever put in them."*

If you experience any unpleasantness in reading or can't see distinctly, come in and have your eyes tested. I think I have something good for you.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

Brockerhoff House Block.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

The President Better Again.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The President's surgeons yesterday morning performed another operation to facilitate the discharge of pus. The increase of fever each evening for some days has convinced the doctors that it was due to the obstruction in the flow of pus. The President was put under the influence of ether, as the surgeons decided he was strong enough to stand it. The first incision made by Dr. Agnew was so made that a drainage tube had to be inserted over the twelfth rib. This necessitated an upward flow of pus near the mouth of the incision, and retarded it so that instead of flowing out promptly a sac was formed, the pus remained in it and was the cause of irritatiou. The surgeons this morning drained the sac, and then Dr. Agnew made an incision below the twelfth rib, reaching into the former incision made. The drainage tube was inserted into the new incision, and this affords a straight channel for the flow of pus.

THE OPERATION SUCCESSFUL.

At noon Dr. Bliss said: "We are well satisfied with the President's present condition and prospects. When I left the President a few moments ago he was sleeping. He had entirely recovered from the effects of etherization and was resting calmly. You see the first incision was above the twelfth rib, and the pus instead of flowing directly, accumulated in a cavity. Now, this morning we cut in, not very deep, so as to bring about a continual flow of pus. This operation is one of the necessary incidents of the case. We are entirely satisfied with his condition. We decided not to give him any nourishment until the afternoon."

WASHINGTON, August 11.—There was some disappointment felt yesterday morning by some of the President's doctors because he had not entirely rallied from the effect of the last surgical operation, but he did so well in the afternoon and evening that this feeling has given place to one of entire confidence again. Dr. Bliss says that the President is doing well. He is now able to take more nourishment, and so far has experienced no recurrence of the distressing nausea which followed the last operation. The new incision is still very sensitive to the touch, and even the laying of a piece of lint saturated with carbolized oil upon the raw flesh at the mouth of the cut causes pain. It is to this sensitive and painful condition of the wound that the continuous fever of the day is attributed The track of the ball has been thoroughly cleared and what irritation there is now is not from the wound and must be attributed to the fresh incision and not to a retention of anything which ought to come out. The old wound made by the bullet has entirely healed and its mouth is partially covered with newly formed skin.

FIRST OFFICIAL ACT.

At the request of Secretary Blaine the President signed a paper for the extradition of a forger who had escaped from Canada. It was not a matter of much importance, but as the paper was wanted it is believed Secretary Blaine took the opportunity to prove that the President is able, when necessary, to discharge the functions of his office.

WASHINGTON, August 12.—All advices in regard to the President's condition continue to be reassuring. The sergeons are excessively gratified at the condition of the President to-day. To-night Dr. Bliss said that the improvement of the President has been more than gratifying; that he had counted on the president's rallying from the effects of the operation by this morning and was not disappointed. In fact the improvement was more than could have reasonably been expected. The first thing in the morning the President called for his breakfast, and said he wanted something solid and substantial. He expressed himself as feeling better than any day since he was shot. He called for a pencil and paper and said he wanted to write a letter to his mother. Dr. Bliss was surprised at this but would not deny the President his request. Dr. Bliss said to-night the President had not suffered especially from the last operation; that he was strong enough to stand three such operations. He said it was evident the wound had drained from the bottom and was now rapidly healing, and he now felt confident. He could give assurance that the President would recover without further trouble from the wound. When the noon examination was made to-day it was found the pulse had gone up two degrees. The temperature and resperation, however, remained the same. Dr. Bliss said to-night, at midnight, that he was satisfied that the President would be able to take a sea voyage in three weeks.

Shocking Suicide.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., August 10.—The town was terribly shocked last evening by the news that Judge James D. Colt, of the Massachusetts Supreme Bench, had been found dead in his office, having committed suicide. The facts are: Judge Colt has had for years a private office in a room connected with the Berkshire County Bank, where he had a library and other accommodations for writing and study. He entered his study this afternoon and at four o'clock when Treasurer Daniel Day left the bank the Judge was sitting at his table with his books before him and writing paper, and apparently engaged as he is usually when in the office. At 5:15, when the janitor entered the bank, the Judge was sitting in his office reading. He asked the janitor if he wished to dust the room as usual. Being told by the janitor that he didn't wish to disturb him the Judge said, "You need not dust this room again," and excitedly pulled off his coat and vest, but put them on immediately. The janitor then left. About 6:30 Treasurer Day returned to the bank and entered the Judge's room. He found Judge Colt lying on the floor and near his right hand a five barrelled revolver, which belonged to the bank and is kept on the Treasurer's desk. Day at once summoned medical aid, but life was extinct, though the body was quite warm. The pistol had been held against his right temple. The ball passed upward and out of the top of the head and struck the ceiling of the room falling to the floor by the dead man. Judge Colt was born in Pittsfield October 8, 1816. He was appointed to the Supreme bench in 1865. He had filled several important offices and at his death was trustee of Williams College. For some time he has been in very bad health.

Cloud Burst in Nevada.

CENTRAL CITY, August 9.—The most destructive flood in the history of the country occurred yesterday afternoon. At 2-40 o'clock heavy storm clouds appeared, accompanied by almost incessent thunder and lightning. About 4 o'clock the citizens were startled by an almost unearthly roar to the West, and almost instantly a volume of water, between four and five feet, came rushing down Nevada and Eureka streets, taking everything by surprise. Heavy quartz teams standing on the streets were overturned and carried down the stream like feathers. Rocks weighing five or six hundred pounds were rolled along the streets like pebbles, and animals and everythisg in the track of the flood were swept away. In an incredibly short time the streets were cleared of people, everybody seeking shelter. During the flood large masses of debris were carried through the streets at the rate of about fifteen miles an hour. The whole length of the gulches, from Nevadaville on one side and Eureka on the other, presents to-night the most desolute scene imaginable.

Dynamite Deviltry.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., August 10.—The dwelling of Dr. Wm. H. Bowen, in Scituate, was burned last night with nearly all the contents. The Doctor is absent, but the family were aroused in time to save their lives. After the house burned fire broke out in the Doctor's barn near by. Help being at hand the flames were extinguished, when it was found the fire was caused by an infernal machine operated by clock work, doubtless the same kind of an apparatus used to destroy the house. Dr. Bowen has been very active in enforcing the law against liquor selling, and has before suffered in consequence. There is great excitement in town.

All on Account of Eliza.

ST. LOUIS, August 10.—About eight o'clock last night an altercation took place between Nathan Prettyman and Charles Curry, at the house of the former, at 1125 Pine Street, growing out of the attentions paid to the daughter of Prettyman by Curry against the wishes of her parents. A rough and tumble fight occured on the sidewalk in front of the house, during which Prettyman was knocked down and beaten and stamped upon in a brutal manner and so severly injured that he died about three o'clock this morning. Curry was arrested and is now in the calaboose on the charge of murder. Both parties are said to have been drunk at the time of the row.

Bad Indian Agent.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—It is said here in Washington, upon the authority of a person in the Indian Bureau, that the Indian troubles in New Mexico grew out of the bad management of Eastman at the Navajo agency. He was at once removed because of his unpopularity with the Indians, but a few months ago was restored. The Indians hate him and have protested against his being placed over them. The Indians are so much dissatisfied that it is said they will not stay at the agency while Eastman is in charge. The Indians Bureau has information that the Utes are peacefully and quietly preparing for a change of reservation.

Stopping the Improper Sale of Arms.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The following order has been issued by the Adjutant General: "The firearms and ammunition sold to officers of the army by the Ordnance Department are intended for their own use in the service and not for sale. Persons who have once had the privilege of purchasing arms cannot again be supplied with like arms, except by order of the Seretary of War, and then only after certifying that the arms previously purchased were not disposed of in a manner contrary to the purpose and meaning of this order."

Railroad Changes.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—The officers of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have been notified by Wm. A. Baldwin of his acceptance of the position of manager of the Pennsylvania's northwestern lines west of Erie. He will be succeeded as superintendent of the Philadelphia and Erie railway by Robt. Nelson, Superintendent of the Elmira and Canandaigua division of the Northern Central Railroad. Neilson will assume charge of the Northern Central Road north of Harrisburg and of the Philadelphia and Erie Road.

Crooked Grain Dealers.

TOLEDO, August 11.—Rumors have been in circulation for some days past of gross irregularities on the part of a prominent grain commission firm of this city. It has transpired that the firm in question is that E. R. Williams & Bros., whose suspension was announced to-day. It is stated that numerous fraudulent bills of lading have been issued by them covering imaginary cargoes of grain on which large advances have been secured. The amount involved in these transactions is variously estimated at $60,000 to $100,000. Both members of the firm have left the city and it is understood warrants have been issued for their arrest on charge of forgery and obtaining moneyunder false pretenses. A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Produce Exchange called to-day to take action in the matter was adjourned for want of a quorum, the President and several members of the Board being absent from the city. The meeting will be held and a committee of investigation appointed as soon as those officials return.

The Furious Flames.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 11.—The *News'* special from Trafalgar, Johnson county, says: A fire here at three o'clock this morning burned out 14 business houses, leaving only three in the town untouched. It was caused by flying sparks from an excursion train on the Franklin, Fairland and Martinsville branch of the C., I., St. L. & C., R., R., which passed about 3 o'clock. The flames started on the roof of Williams' drug store, and fanned by the wind communicated to other buildings rapidly. There was no water to be had except that which could be carried in buckets from wells. Among the houses burned are the following: J. J. Moore & Co's general store, the railroad offices, the postoffice, Stout's harness store, Williams' drug store, Dawson's hardware and tin store. The total loss will reach $50,000, with only a small proportion of insurance.

Petroleum in a Potato Patch.

TITUSVILLE, August 11.—The oil wells, discovered in Sebastian Haehn's potato patch on Mechanic street in this city, are yielding heavily, and the prospects are that they are good for a year yet. Haehn, the owner of this wonderful garden, discovered the oil about the 15th of June last. From a hole four feet in depth he took out with a bailer for a number of days fifteen barrels of oil per day. He dug other holes adjacent equally as productive. After dipping 140 barrels of oil Mr. Haehn disposed of his garden to Messrs. Kraffert & Son, giving them a lease for two years. Kraffert & Son dug a half-dozen holes, averaging four feet in depth and put in the ordinary tin pump, worked by hand. The first week they had six men employed, three on each tour, and pumped oil night and day. Afterward they reduced the force to two men, who have been pumping out oil daily.

A Cincinnati Mystery.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 11.—There still remains a mystery connected with the death of Charles B. Kitchen, who was found dead in Eden Park Monday morning. It has been shown that he was not drunk. He was in the habit of wearing a blue coat, light vest and pants, but when found was wearing a cheap duster and no vest, and jeans pants, clothing he was never known to wear. The landlady where he roomed says on Monday morning before his body was found two ladies called and presented an order for letters in Kitchen's room. The order was signed by Kitchen. The women got the letters and read them, asking the landlady to tell Kitchen when he returned to "come over there," but did not give their names nor address. A detective has been put in charge of the case, and the Coroner will take further testimony.

Southern Enterprise.

DECATUR, Ala., August 12.—A company was organized here to-day under a charter from the State of Alabama, with a capital stock of $2,000,000, with the title of Birmingham Coal, Coke and Iron Company. J. C. Neely, of Memphis, was elected President, and Thomas Milburn President of the German National Bank of Memphis, Secretary and Treasurer. The company recently purchased 50,000 acres of coal and iron land in the vicinity of Birmingham, and completed the erection of several large furnaces in a short time They will also mine coal on a large scale and propose to establish the largest coke works in the South. The immense coal fields around Birmingham are believed to be the most valuable in the South and is claimed that iron can be made at Birmingham for the cost o the ore delivered at the furnaces in Pennsylvania.

Erie Events.

ERIE, August 12.—Early this morning the elegant St. Paul's Episcopal church was discovered to be on fire, and by half past eight the rear portion of the church was on fire. Before noon the fire was extinguished by the energetic efforts of the fire department. The organ and altar were very much damaged. The building is insured for $20,000. There was no insurance on the organ and furniture, which entails a loss on the congregation of $10,000. The fire originated some time during the night, owing to alleged carelessness of the sexton in setting a light too near the light inflammable material in the chancel.

An alleged physician, Dr. George, was arrested to-day for practicing without a diploma. The recent registration law of Pennsylvania caused the exposure of the quack who claimed to practice on a Paine diploma (thought to be a forgery) granted eight years since.

Drought in East Indies.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A Caicutta correspondent says: The latest reports from Mysore are unfavarable. Rain much wanted. The crops are withering prices rising and pastures failing. A severe scarcity is inevitable. The reports from the province of Coorg are also bad, but the accounts from other parts of India are fairly good.

Get your Overcoats Ready.

MONTREAL, August 9.—Vennor says we may expect a great change in the weather about the time the new comet is in perihelion. This will occur on the 20th of the present month. During the week from the 15th to the 20th, instead of being burnt up, as many expect, we shall be nearly frozen by frosts and strong cold northerly winds.

Nail Works Destroyed.

WHEELING, August 9.—The Laughlin nail mills, owned by capitalists in this city and situated across the river in Martin's Ferry, O., were totally destroyed by fire at twelve o'clock last night. Owing to the lateness of the hour no particulars can be had.

The Playful Savage.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 10.—Clyne Smith, a German naturalist, was murdered by natives at New Britain. Reports from other inlands in the vicinity all speak of the increasing treachery and animosity of the savages.

North Corolina's Vote on Prohibition.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 11.—The *News* and *Observer* has official returns from seventythree counties giving 99,965 majority against prohibition, and twenty-three counties to be heard from. Haywood gives twenty-one majority for prohibition. So far it stands alone.

The Virginia Republicans.

LYNCHBURG, Va, August 11.—The coalitionists adjourned at 2 A. M. *sine die*, after having endorsed the regular Readjuster platform. The Straightout Convention reassembled at 9 o'clock to-day. The platform was read, and, after much discussion on the debt plank, it was adopted by a vote of 56 to 32. Ross Hamilton, leader of the Mecklinburg delegation thought if they remained in the convention after the adoption of the platform they would greatly misrepresent their constituency. Therefore, he would retire. The action of Hamilton and his followers was severely criticised by the President of the Convention. A Committee on Nominations was appointed. The Convention elected J. W. Cochran, (colored), of Rockingham, Chairman of the State Central Committee, and ex-official Secretary of the State Executive Committee.

THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

The following is the platform:

WHEREAS, It is proper that when the people assemble in convention they should avow the principles of government on which they stand.

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that we the Republicans of Virginia hereby make declaration of our allegience and adhesion to the principles of the Republican party of the country, and our determination to stand squarely by the organization of the Republican party of Virginia always defending it against assaults of all persons or parties whatsoever.

Resolved, That amongts the principles of the Republican party none is of more vital importance to the wellfare and interest of the country in all its parts than that which pertains to the sanctity of Government contracts. It therefore becomes the special duty and province of the Republican party of Virginia to guard and protect the credit of our time honored State, which has been besmirched with repudiation or received with distrust by the gross mismanagement of the various factions of the Democratic party which have controlled the legislation of the State.

Resolved, That the Republican party of Virginia hereby pledges itself to redeem the State from the discredit that now hangs over her in regard to her just obligations for moneys loaned her for constructing her internal improvements and charitable institutions, and we in the most solemn form pledge the Republican party of the State to the full payment of the whole State debt, less one third set aside as justly falling on West Virginia.

Resolved, That the industries of the country should be fostered through protective laws so as to develop our own resources, employ our own labor, create a home market, enhance values, and promote the happiness and prosperity of the people.

Resolved, That the public school system of Virginia is the creature of the Republican party, and we demand every dollar the constitution dedicates to it should be sacredly applied thereto as a means of educating the children of the State without regard to condition or race.

Resolved, That the elective franchise is an even right and should be based upon manhood qualifications, and that we favor the repeal of the requirements of prepayment of capitation tax as a prerequisite to the franchise, as opposed to the constitution of the United States and in violation of the condition whereby the State was readmitted as a member of our constitutional union, as well as against the spirit of the constitution; but demand the imposition of a capitation tax as a source of revenue for the support of the public schools without its disfranchising effects.

Resolved, That we favor the repeal of the disqualification of elective franchise by conviction of petty larceny, and the infamous laws which place it in the power of a single justice of the peace (oftimes being more corrupt than the criminal before him,) to disfranchise his fellowman.

Resolved, Finally, that we urge the repeal of the barbarous law permitting the imposition of stripes as degrading and inhuman, contrary to the genius of true and enlightened people and a relic of barbarism.

NO NOMINATIONS MADE.

The Committee on Nominations reported the name of W. S. Wickham, of Richmond, for Governor; Major S. W. Yost, of Staunton, for Lieutenant Governor, and Judge Willoughby, of Alexandria, for Attorney General. The report of the committee unanimously adopted. General Wickham and Mayor Yost addressed the Convention, declining the nominations, but entreated the Republican party to make a firm stand and abide by the decision of the Convention.

The Convention then declared not to make any more nominations, as they deemed it expedient, but concluded with great unanimity to hold fast to the principles of the Republican party, ignoring any and all propositions for the readjustment of the debt, either national or state. The State Central Committee was instructed to issue an address setting forth the action and principles of the convention. At 1:30 o'clock the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

Morality in Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 9.—Last week's deaths in the city outnumbered those of any previous week. The number was 527. The rate was 50 52-100 per thousand, as against the normal rate of 18. The highest rate ever recorded before was 452. During the preceding week 334 people died and the same week last year 221. The intense heat was the chief cause of the increased mortality.

Wicked for Clergymen.

Rev. ——, of Washington, D. C., writes: "I believe it to be all wrong and even wicked for clergymen or other public men to be led into giving testimonials to quack doctors or vile stuffs called medicines, but when a really meritorious article, made of valuable remedies known to all, that all physicians use and trust in daily, we should freely commend it. I therefore cheerfully and heartily commend Hop Bitters for the good they have done me and my friends, firmly believing they have no equal for family use. I will not be without them.—*New York Weekly Baptist.*

Secretary Blaine and family left Washington Wednesday for Augusta, Maine.

The counsel for Leo Hartman, Nihilist, has addressed another letter to Secretary Blaine.

ITEM OF INTEREST.—For the permanent relief of all unpleasant sensations, try Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. To cure blind piles, use Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy. For bleeding piles there is nothing so effectual as Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy.

During the last fiscal year there were 4,384 pilots examined by the Marine Hospital service, of whom 116 were found color-blind.

The Artesian well at Yankton, Dakota, which is down three hundred feet, struck a blue shale formation Wednesday night, which was saturated with petroleum.

—My daughter had a very weak back. Peruna cured her. John Orgill, Pittsburg, Pa.

In making excavations for a public garden in front of the Cathedral in the City of Mexico a column of the old Cathedral erected in the year 1526 was discovered.

—A thorough and safe remedy is Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Sold by druggists. Price 25 cents. 31-4t

Mrs. Millard Fillmore, relict of President Fillmore, is lying dangerously ill at Buffalo, from the effects of a second stroke of paralysis. Although conscious and comparatively free from pain, her early demise is looked for.

—Thousands of ladies have found sudden relief from all their woes by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the great remedy for diseases peculiar to females. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western ave., Lynn, Mass., for pamphlet.

The eighth annual reunion of soldiers is announced for Caldwell, O., on September 9th. This is the original organization, first organized by General Sherman at Caldwell in 1874.

—Had chronic catarrh and constipation; could get no help. Peruna cured me. Mrs. S. B. Williams, Martin's Ferry, Ohio.

The national association of traveling passenger agents of the United States and Canada held their annual convention Wednesday at Washington City. The next will be held at Montreal.

—E. W. Brant, druggist, Elizabeth, N. J.: I could scarcely speak above a whisper, and it was almost impossible to breathe through my nostrils. Using Ely's Cream Balm a short time I was entirely relieved. My head has not been so clear nor my voice so strong for years. I have warded off several colds since. I recommend this admirable remedy to all who are afflicted with catarrh or colds in the head. J. O. Tichenor, dealer in boots and shoes, June 16, 1879. See adv.

At Madison, Indiana, Tuesday night, Leonidas Robertson, a well to do farmer, arrayed himself in his wife's clothes and sun-bonnet and hung himself. No cause is known for the singular act.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms of moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "Dr Swayne's All-Healing Ointment" is a pleasant sure cure. Also the Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all Scaly, Crusty, Cutaneous Eruptions. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamp. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom letters should be addressed. Sold by all prominent druggists. 12-7-1y

—To our farmer friends we can say that our stock of goods for their use in house or farm is unequalled in Centre county. Give us a call and examine stock and prices.

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.

Even Burglars are Rushed.

"Why," he replied to a cop, "I never saw so much rush and rush in Detroit since the war, and I presume it is so all over the country The boom even extends to my profession, which you are aware is that of burglary. I have advertized in a dozen of papers for a 'pal' but can't get one at any price. Third-class men only fit to put up ladders hold lighted candles, pound with a sledge, and swear alibi, are getting their own prices this year. The two I had struck for $7 a day apiece, and I had to pay it or let my business go to ruin. You have no idea of the number of chances we have had for 'jobs' this year and the season is promising all that any burglar could ask for. I am so pushed that I hardly know which way to turn first."

"Anything very big on hand?"

"Oh! a dozen of 'em. I ought to go up Woodward avenue to-night and rob a house where two back windows have been left up for a whole week, but I may not get around to it because one of my pals is dead drunk in his room upstairs. Then there's a splendid show down Fort street. Two of the back doors won't lock, some of the chamber windows are unfastened, and there is half a cord of silverware piled up in one room. Duty tells me that I ought to take it in right away, but something may prevent. Dear me but I wish I could hire at least three first class burglars for the next six weeks. I've got a special lay for them."

"Anything startling?"

"Well, no. There's a bank in Toledo we could get at very handy a jeweler over in Chicago who aches to be robbed, and I know a farmer out here a few miles who has $3,000 in gold in the house. If I had two good men I could gather in at least $50,000 within the next ten days; but this boom has taken me all aback. I need two full sets of burglar tools right off, but my blacksmith is rushed with other work and must delay me. I went yesterday to see about wigs and whiskers, and found a dozen of orders ahead of me."

"Its unfortunate."

"Well, I should say so! It just makes my heart ache to know what scores of back doors are unlocked, hundred of windows left open, heaps of silver and jewelry left kicking around and here I am so fixed that I can't half push business. I'm nervous and uneasy, but I can't mend matters as I see. If you happen to come across a first-class hall-thief and a pair of professional cracks men, I wish you'd send 'em to me. I'll guarantee the very highest wages and steady employment for the season."—*Detroit Free Press.*

Mormonism on the Wane.

I called upon President Taylor, the successor of Brigham Young, a large, angular, tall man, with striking features warmed by a genial smile. His hair white. eyes keen, with lips and jaw indicating determination, affable, and with a certain ease of manner, one is impressed with his conversation. We are politely bowed out by Congressman (?)Cannon, who has several wives, a short, thick stoutly built gentleman, the man whom Brigham chose when he gave vent to the threat, "I propose to thrust polygamy down the throat of Congress." I talked also with the editor of the Deseret *News*, the Mormon paper here. They all quote scripture.

Are there any signs of decline in Mormonism? I think there are. The introduction of free schools has done much. More than sixty per cent of the attendance is Mormon; this in connection with the fact that one-third of the Mormon population is under eight years of age and our missionary societies are sending constantly young men to occupy the various points throughout the territory. Then as the young men and young women grow up, they to a great extent become lax and indifferent, and throw off the control, and in most instances are hostile to polygamous marriage. The proportion now in polygamy is about one to seven. Were it not for the constant stream of immigration, most likely they could not hold their own. But it is a great mistake to suppose that they are idle. Already they are emigrating to Colorado, Nevada, Idaho and Wyoming, and these last three may be said to hold the balance of power.

One of "Clara Belle's" Tough Yarns.

A youthful wife is one of the wonders of Saratoga at present; not so much she is only seventeen, as that her husband is sixty. The difference in their ages is fully apparent, for he looks all of his years, while her face, manners and dress are extremely girlish. More than this she has a baby—a dot of a thing only three months old; it seems like a doll in its girl-mother's arms, and she is mighty fond of displaying it. When the nurse brings it to her in the midst of a party of young fellows, and she demurely walks off to her room to give it nourishment, they get mad with envy at the veteran husband. That makes the young women jealous of her, and altogether she is a highly aggravating little creature. The most affecting thing she has done yet was at a big hotel hop. She wore a dress quite low in the back, and was ravishingly pretty. While she danced her venerable spouse sat out on the veranda smoking and chatting with a circle of men, old and young. Suddenly she ran out to him, put her hands on his knees, bent her head into his lap, and said, in the tone of a child to a parent:

"Please scratch my back."

The old fellow thrust his hand down the back of her dress a little, clawing her soft skin with his brown, wrinkled fingers.

"A little to the other side, she murmured; "there—that's the spot, thank you."

And she ran back to her waltz partner, totally unconcious (?) of the tingling she had caused among the male spectators.

Some Big Hailstones.

Hailstones vary greatly in size. In ordinary storms, they weigh from forty-six to one hundred and twenty grains. It may be interesting to notice some of the largest on record. Holinshed (who is, however, a persistent wonder monger) says that hailstones as large as eggs fell in England in the year 1202 during the reign of John: and that in twentieth year of that of good King Alexander III. of Scotland (1269) there arose "great winds, with storms of such immeasurable hailstones, that many towns were thrown down" by their violence, and fires spread throughout the kingdom, "burning up steeples with such force of fire that the bells were in divers places melted." Those of the Abbey of Aberbrothock (Arbroath) were thus destroyed. In 1339, while Edward the III. was marching near Chartres, in France, his army was so much injured by a storm of immense hailstones that he concluded peace. Count de Mezeray relates that when Louis XII. of France made war against the Pope and carried his army into Italy (1510) bluish hailstones descended during a thunderstorm which weighed about one hundred pounds. On June 21, 1545 there fell in Lancashire "hailstones as big as a fist, which had diverse prints in them, some like gunholes." On the 7th of June, 1573, in Northamptonshire, some were found which measured six inches in circumference; and on the 29th of April, 1692, a storm passed over Cheshire and Lancashire during which hailstones weighing eight ounces and measuring nine inches in circumference fell. Hertfordshire on the 4th of May in the same year, was visited by a shower of hail which killed several persons. The stones were fourteen inches in circumference. M. Parent relates that hailstones as big as a man's fist, and weighing from nine and a half to twelve and three-quarter ounces, fell in Le Perche on May 15, 1703. Passing over many recorded and perhaps doubtful instances such as the above, we learn that during a hailstorm at Constantinople on October 5, 1831, there fell stones weighing more than one pound. Similar stones are said to have been picked up in May 1821, at Palestrina, Italy. Blocks of ice fell at Cazorta, in Spain, on June 5, 1829, weighed four and a half pounds; and in the south of France, during the latter of October, 1844 some fell which weighed eleven pounds. After a hailstorm on May 8, 1802, in Hungary, a piece of ice was found which measured more than three feet both in lenght and in width, with a thickness of two feet. To conclude this list a hailstone is said to have fallen in the reign of Tippoo Saib, which was the size an elephant! It is possible that many of those so-called gigantic hailstones were simply masses of ice composed of a collection of hailstones agglomerated together in some hollow space into which they had fallen, and where they may have remained for some time after the general fall of hailstones had melted and disappeared. —*Chamber's Journal.*

Advance Upon Corinth.

Colonel C. H. Adams, the only living member of General Grant's original staff, relates the following incident in regard to the advance upon Corinth. It will be remembered that after the battle of Pittsburg Landing General Halleck moved his headquarters from St. Louis to the field in front of Corinth. The soldiers of that army well remember the long lines of ditches dug during that memorable advance. General Halleck, it was said, was going to dig the rebels out of their intrenchments. This digging process went on day by day, week in and week out, until it was the belief among the soldiers of the army that the General of the West had adopted Old Digger's plan in his march upon Richmond. General Logan, of Illinois, commanded a division well in advance. He was never so happy as when moving to the front and pushing the rebels; nor was he satisfied with the process of digging the rebels out. He sent one of his special detectives to report as to the progress of the rebels; this man returned to his chief, reporting that the rebels were preparing to evacuate. General Logan at once repaired to the headquarters of General Grant, informing him of the important news, when General Grant, in company with General Logan, repaired with a number of his staff to the headquarters of General Halleck, informed him of the situation, and advised an immediate advance General H's reply was that when he needed General Grant's advice he would send for him, whereupon General Grant made his most courtly bow and retired. The next morning by three o'clock General Grant, with his staff and personal escort of about forty cavalrymen, started for Corinth; when they arrived the rebels had evacuated, after having destroyed all the property they could, the railroad depot having been just set on fire, which General Grant and staff at once endeavored to save, Grant himself working at the pump, while others carried the water. After the fire was extinguished General Grant sent General Halleck his compliments, with the information that he had been in Corinth some time, and that the enemy was on the retreat. In two hours thereafter the advance of the Union forces filed into Corinth. So ended the advance upon Corinth. At the time the writer well recollects that both the army and the people were much disappointed that so important an opportunity had been neglected; but so far as my recollection goes the incident here given was never published. The history of the country has already given the pleasing fact that two Illinois generals who figured here at a disadvantage were vindicated by the President, the people and their own heroic actions.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

GOTHAMITES COOKED IN EVERY STYLE —EQUATORIAL IMMIGRANTS—SOCIETY AT THE SEA SHORE—A FLYING COLUMN OF PHILANTHROPIC PILLS—A LONG RACE SWIFTLY SAILED—GOOD TIMES FOR THOSE WHO WANT TO GO WEST.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10, 1881.

From our own Correspondent.

Till within a few weeks we have —perhaps excusably—grumbled at the extra allowance of cool, wet, windy weather that has been served out to us by the callous clerk of the weather. Now we are getting stewed in our own juice to make up for it. The thermometer hasn't been sovery high, but the muggy maglignancy of the season has been horrible—a regular slice of the worst part of the tropics, and we are getting visitors.

The sinister shark has moved upon this devoted city from his lair in the Gulf of Mexico in swarms and disports himself and airs his threatening fin off Washington Market in the cheekiest manner. One seven feet long was captured a day or two ago, and that was a baby to some of the monsters which are attracted by the odor of fresh meat, several of which are declared to be upwards of twenty feet long. The small boy has been deterred from his accustomed free baths combined with the sport of dodging the blue-coated guardians of the peace and public decency. Young Tagrag will risk the gentle taps of a "cop's" club but the speculative eye of the gourmand shark appalls him.

Coney Island is more crowded than ever, and for that very reason is getting to be detestable. One gets crushed to a mummy to get there, is dissolved in trying to get away in the rush, which seems to be inevitable, no matter how many additional cars, boats, etc., are put on the ever increasing lines of traffic, and the perpetual tramp of the perspiring multitude is monotonous. Not even the too-too-toots of the most æsthetic of the numerous rival cornetists of fame suffice to reconcile the man who loves his ease to undertake the journey to the sad sea waves under such conditions very often. I'm tired of the beach for one, and I fancy the reaction to the craze, for it is pretty general. It is altogether too popular.

The public health has been better than was expected, or than the concentrated and accumulated filth of a few weeks back seemed to promise. One excellent arrangement tried last year has been efficiently renewed this season. I allude to the employment temporarily of one hundred skilled physicians for night labor among the poor. They do a wonderful lot of good and are paid liberally by the city, besides the fact o. their being selected is a remarkably good card for them. There is a talk of extending the system of introducing a navy service as well.

We have had a little bit of a nautical sensation in the almost simultaneous arrival of two tea steamers after a 14,000 race with the first shipments of the new crop of China. They made the little trip in a fraction of 54 days, and old salts are full of reminiscences of the glorious and now half forgotten days of the feasts of the American clipper ships which once so proudly bore our flag all over the world. The two steamers are British, as indeed are a large majority of vessels engaged in our foreign trade. The prosperity of American shipping interests has long been fading into nothingness. Shall we ever see it revived?

The scalpers and the railroad men have fallen foul of each other in the present war of cutting rates, and the latter are apparently bound on the extermination of their active opponents. The *Herald* is out with the admirable suggestion that the impecuneous shall take advantage of the cheap transportation now offered and hie themselves far away to the West, as far as they can go, so as to grow up with the country, having already absorbed all the East can spare for them. There's no mistake about it, lots of people get on well in New York, especially if they have some capital to help them, but lots don't and never will, the competition being so sharp, and a thinning of the crowd will be good alike for those who go and those who stay. It would pay the latter to raise a fund to aid the former to clear out, and perhaps some day somebody or other will act on this idea in a practical way, and start one of the most useful and humane institutions of the age, a society for passing the badly off but well intending to fresh fields and pastures new. RADIX.

Piping off a Miner.

During one of his intermittent visits to the Comstock Mr. Mackay accompanied a party of Eastern tourists to the lower levels of the California mine, one of which carefully selected collection of Massachusetts blue blood being a young lady from Boston who was refined to the top notch of culture. On arriving at one of the lower levels the gasping, perspiring, wilted crew paused, and Mr. Mackay called the young girl's attention to a speaking tube which connected with the level above.

'Is this hollow metal cylinder a conduit of sound?' asked the well educated Bostonienne.

'Yes'm,' said Mackay, 'try it.'

The young lady applied her mouth to its opening and piped out a tremulous 'Hillo-a a.'

'Aye, aye,' shouted a hearty miner a hundred feet above.

'What shall I ask him?' said the girl to Mr. Mackay.

'Ask him how he is getting along.'

'How are you getting along, sir?' whistled the maiden.

'Aw-w—pretty well,' rumbled the reply.

'And now what shall I say?' continued the girl.

'Ask him if it's hot.'

'Is it hot up there?'

'Hotter'n h—l,' was the plain answer. The damsel gasped, but continued: What else shall I say?'

'Oh, ask him how his family are,' replied Mr. Mackay, who began to tire of the 'piping-off' interview.

'How are all your family?' asked the girl.

'To h—l wid ye; what are ye givin us,' thundered the miner, who thought some one was 'joshing' him.

Collapse and a call for ice water.

Do Birds Bury Their Dead?

You are all familiar with the story of "The Babes in the Wood," and remember how the robins, finding the babes lying dead, side by side, covered their little forms with leaves, wrapping them in a winding-sheet of nature's own providing.

Did you ever ask the question, "Do birds bury their own dead?"

Let me tell you an incident that came from an eye-witness of what I relate.

In a tree near an old-fashioned farm house, way up in Vermont, two robins built their nest. A lady watched them day by day as they brought straws, a bit of cotton or thread and wove them deftly in, to form their summer home. One morning she found three speckled eggs in the nest, and, on another, three tiny little birds in their place. How busy the father and mother birds were, providing for their wants! and how prettily and tenderly they cared for them!

When they were large enough, they gave them lessons in flying, and herein comes the point of my story. While they were trying their wings, one day, a cat caught one, and, before the lady could rescue it, it was injured beyond recovery. She put the poor trembling creature back in its nest, and left it there for the mother bird to nurse back to life if possible.

It was of no use. The cat's cruel claws and sharp teeth had done their work, and their victim died. A few days after, the lady, seeing and hearing of the other birds, went to the nest, and found they had built a thatched roof over the poor little bird, and there he lay on his back, with his claws sticking up through the straw. They had buried their dead and deserted the nest.—*Youth's Companion.*

A Big Sheep Farm.

A gentleman from Pennsylvania has racently bought at Mr. W. J. Van-Kirke's real estate agency, 130,000 acres of land in Baldwin county. He purposes to establish on it a gigantic sheep farm, and will demonstrate that the sheep business can be made immensely profitable in Alabama. There is no limit to the resourses of Alabama, and in a few years people will be amazed to think that they ever thought of leaving this State to seek better fortunes in any other locality. The vast coal and iron fields are being rapidly developed, and millions of dollars will be invested in them inside of twelve months. Railroads will run through and around them and transportation be reduced to a nominal sum. Cotton is sure to be manufactured as near to the raw material as it is possible to get it. The outlook is decidedly cheering, and if the farmers will only pitch crops as to be sure under any and and all circumstances to afford enough to answer their wants, the picture of contentment and prosperity in Alabama will be complete. —*Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser.*

MANY tired men who have eaten little during business hours, and who have a few minutes to spare before the boat or train starts, try to find temporary relief and acquire dyspepsia by hastily eating ferry pie and drinking ferry beer or lemonade. A physician recommends that in such an emergency the famishing and thirsty man should take a few small raw clams with red-pepper, the juice of the clam not being wasted.—*New York Post.*

"GENTLEMEN of the jury," said an Irish lawyer, "It will be you to say whether the defendant shall be allowed to come into court with unblushing footsteps, with a cloak of hypocrisy in his mouth, and draw three bullocks out of my client's pocket with impunity."

AN exchange relates the following terrible warning: A certain man got mad at the editor and stopped his paper. The next week he sold all his corn at four cents below the market price; then his propery was sold for taxes because he didn't read the sheriff's sales; he lost $10 betting on Mollie McCarthy ten days after Ten Broeck had won the race; he was arrested and fined $8 for going hunting on Sunday, simply because he didn't know it was Sunday and he paid $300 for a lot of forged notes that had been advertised two weeks and the public cautioned not to negotiate them. He then paid a big Irishman, with a foot like a derrick, to kick him all the way to the newspaper office, where he paid four year's subscription in advance, and made the editor sign an agreement to knock him down and rob him if he ever ordered his paper stopped again.

SOME accidents seem to have happened on purpose, so pat are they. For instance.

A certain Dean of Ely was once at a dinner, when just as the cloth was removed, the subject of discourse happened to be that of extraordinary mortality among lawyers.

"We have lost," said a gentleman, "not less than seven eminent barristers in as many months." The Dean, who was very deaf, rose just at the conclusion of these remarks and gave the company grace:

"For this and every other mercy make us devoutly thankful.

Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose that he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, indigestion, etc. A moisture like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, particularly at night, after getting warm in bed, is a very common attendant. Internal, External and Itching Piles yield at once on the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure where all other remedies have failed. Do not delay until the drain upon the system produces permanent disability, but try it and be cured. Price, 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it, and when you cannot obtain it of him, we will send it, prepaid, on receipt of price. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, Ohio. Sold by F. Potts Green. 21-17t

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 30
Mill Hall	5 34	4 33
Beech Creek	5 50	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 09	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 10
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 45	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 09	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 36
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	8 47	10 05
Milesburg	8 54	10 08
Curtin	9 06	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 25
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Hall	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 2

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division)—On and after June 12, 1881:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 30 p m
" " Kane		10 05 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		12 10 a m
" " Harrisburg		4 00 p m
" " Williamsport		7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		9 10 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 37 a m
" " Williamsport		8 20 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		12 05 p m
" Philadelphia		3 20 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11 35 a m
" " Renovo		9 00 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 10 p m
" " Williamsport		11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 35 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 35 a m

Erie Mail and Fast Line West and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains. Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after March 28, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 5.36 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 7.24 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.12 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.25 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.30 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.30 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.45 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.25 p. m.

S. S. BLAIR, *General Sup't.*

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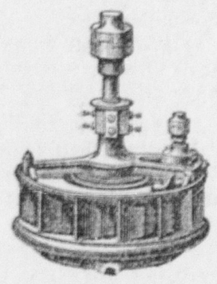

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THE REPUBLICAN IS ALWAYS FULL OF NEWS and other information of interest and value to the people of Centre and neighboring counties.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Now get ready for the fair.

—August term of court begins on Monday next, the 29th.

—Another large shipment of cars was made from the shops on Saturday.

—A party of Bellefontes, ladies and gentlemen, will leave for Cape May in a few days.

—They say the Pope is not coming to America after all. He is bound to stay in the "Eternal City" eternally.

—The fall term at State College opens August 26th. The prospects are that there will be a good attendance.

—A clothes wringer has some human nature about it after all. An Altoona girl had her head squeezed by one lately.

—The Brockerhoff House will soon place a new buss on the road for the transportation of the guests to and from the depot.

—McKean county's new Court House is completed, and as a matter of course the folks up that way are doing some bragging just now.

—A number of our citizens went down to Lock Haven on Saturday, some bound for Wayne camp and others for Coup's show grounds.

—A soldiers' and sailors' reunion for the counties of Tioga, Bradford, Lycoming, Centre and Potter will be held at Wellsboro, September 15th and 16th.

—That was gale-orious weather Saturday. Vennor evidently has a powerful rival in the business, as no such unusual weather is mentioned in his predictions for August.

—Seven new sidewalks have been built in Bellefonte during the past three weeks. Wonder what has caused this sudden awakening of our citizens to a spirit of improvement.

—The work of laying the foundation walls for the new Centre county bank building commenced Friday. A large gang of men are employed, and the work will be rushed forward rapidly.

—The Democratic State Convention meets in Williamsport September 28th. Saloon keepers are looking forward to a harvest, and are storing away the "bug juice" at a lively rate. Unfortunate Williamsport.

—The fierce blasts of wind that swept through our streets on Saturday afforded many of our citizens an opportunity of exercising their legs by skipping after their head coverings in the track of the tempest.

—Horse thieves are operating in Huntingdon county. As Centre county joins Huntingdon, we are liable to receive a visit from them at any time, so keep your fast nags securely locked up o' nights, and your shot gun handy.

—The curb market beginneth to boom. On Saturday there were forty-one wagons on the ground, completely covering all the available space in the vicinity of the Diamond, which filled Clerk Shaughensy with the most gleeful feelings.

—We call the attention of the Spring township supervisor to the condition of the Zion road, or that part of it over which he has charge. Evidently it has been neglected for several weeks, and consequently is in a miserable condition.

—The German Reforms' new house of worship, on Linn street, begins to look quite "churchy." What we mean by that term is that the structure is so far advanced that strangers no longer inquire whether it's to be an academy of music or a seminary.

—S. D. Ray, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer of the Agricultural Society, informs us that the time for holding the annual fair will be definitely fixed to-morrow, when there will be a meeting of the Executive Committee for that purpose. About the first week in October will likely be the time.

—Hope Hose, an organization of firemen from Watsontown, picniced at Spring Mills, this connty, on Saturday last. Seven car loads of firemen and citizens from Northumberland and Union counties, accompanied by two bands of music, constituted the party. They enjoyed the trip hugely and were perfectly carried off with the scenery along the road.

—After several inquiries made through these columns as to whether or no the Agricultural Society intended holding a fair this year, we are informed by the secretary that the fair will be held as usual, and that extra efforts will be put forward to make it a success. A meeting of the executive committee will be held on Tuesday of next week to fix upon the dates, arrange the premium list and attend to other pressing matters.

A Good Ticket.

Some of our Democratic friends seem to think it is out of place for us to speak a good word for the doings of a Democratic convention. But we cannot see why. The Democratic party sometimes puts good men in nomination; and this year we think they have put a good ticket in the field to serve the purpose of those who were powerful enough to secure its success. But the people of the county must not think that they made this ticket: if they do they are greatly mistaken. These nominations were brought about by combinations formed after the delegates arrived in town. There are two factions in the Democratic party, as every Democrat who knows anything is well aware of. The first great fight between these factions was made on Sheriff, and ended in a complete victory for the Meek faction, the Orvis wing concentrating on Foust. Mr. J. C. Harper was not the candidate of either faction, and no doubt will, as he ought, receive the cordial support of both in the election as he did in the convention. For Register there was a contest, and the candidate of the Orvis men succeeded. For Recorder there was no contest. For Commissioners each faction secured a man. The Treasurer went to the Meek faction, and Mr. Forster, editor of the *Democrat*, was elected chairman of the County Committee for next year.

The Meek wing secured not all but the lion's share. Isn't that a good ticket, and won't it do all it was made for doing? And, then, the Associate Judges—where could two better men be found for the purpose for which these two men were selected? They are good citizens, sober men, kind-hearted and generous to a fault (at least one of them is generous to a fault), and both of them possess in common all the traits that go to make up what is called a "good fellow." These men were nominated for a purpose, and if the people want a grogery at every fence corner they can have it. The door is open.

Death of Mrs. Hastings.

We are pained to announce the death of Mrs. Sarah Hastings, wife of Mr. Wm. Hastings, of Salona, Clinton county, and mother of our townsman, Col. Daniel H. Hastings. This unhappy event occurred on Sunday last at the residence of her husband in Salona, after an illness of about two weeks. The cause of her death was apoplexy, having been prostrated by this disease several weeks ago, and from the effects of which she never recovered. She was a zealous Christian lady, devoted to her husband, family and church, and who by her many kind offices had endeared herself to all so effectually that her life and character will be a glittering star in the pathway of those who follow, long after her mortal body shall have returned to the dust from whence it came. She leaves to mourn her earthly loss a sorrowing husband and five children—three sons and two daughters, all full grown. The names of the sons are William, James and Daniel H., and the daughters are Mary Ann and Ellen. They are all married and have families. Mary Ann is married to a Mr. McKean, and Ellen to a Mr. Saltsman, and resides in Lock Haven. The children, we believe, were all at her bedside when she expired except William, who is traveling in Europe. The funeral took place yesterday.

—Through the courtesy of Mr. L. T. Eddy, of Linn & McCoy's Iron Works, we enjoyed a pleasant drive Friday to Hecla ore bank, near Hublersburg, operated by the above named firm. This bank has been in operation for upwards of ten years, during which time thousands and thousands of tons of valuable ore have been removed, and from the quantity and richness of the ore now being taken from several new openings, it is quite probable that the mines will not be exhausted in many years more. Fifteen tons of ore are now being washed per day, but the works have a much greater capacity than this when in full blast. Before leaving on our return trip we were cordially invited to cross the threshold of Superintendent Watson's cabin, where, to our surprise, we found a substantial lunch awaiting demolishment. Did we tackle it? Well, yes, if our recollection does not fail us, and if anyone doubts that we (that's ourself) were conspicuously active during its destruction let them ask our genial companion on the occasion, Mr. Eddy, although we ask as a favor that the inquiry be made some time when he is alone.

—Two mechanics employed at Bartruff's coachmaking establishment on Bishop street, have invented and had patented an improvement on the common buggy-top which promises to be a success. They call it the "blind bow," and it is calculated to prevent all sagging when the top is raised.

PHILIPSBURG'S ABDUCTION CASE.

What a Philadelphia Reporter Learned from an Interview with the Mother of the Abducted Girl.

In a late issue of this paper an item appeared stating that a girl eighteen years of age, living with a woman named Hale, in our neighboring town of Philipsburg, had been persuaded to leave her home by a scamp who told her that a rich uncle was waiting to receive her at his fine residence, and had entrusted him with the mission of hunting up her whereabouts. The couple went to Tyrone from Philipsburg, took passage on the B. E. V. train, which passed through Bellefonte, and were last seen in Lock Haven. It seems that the girl's mother resides in Philadelphia, and has been interviewed by a *Times* reporter, who relates the following sad story:

The developments of the case which have just culminated in the mysterious disappearance of Mary Ellen Grebby from the residence of her mistress in Philipsburg, Pa., promise to be of unusual interest. A visit was paid to the girl's mother yesterday, and the story which she tells is, if accurate, a strange and pitiful one. Mrs. Grebby has always been poor, and for a long time been a widow. It appears from her story that sometime in the latter part of the year 1859 G. H. Jones and wife, of Philadelphia, took her daughter, Mary Ellen, or May, as her mother calls her, expressing their intention of raising her as their own. The child was at that time a little over six years of age. When she had been in her new home for about a month, Mr. Jones, while he still intended to adopt her, expressed his desire to have her formally indentured to him, the contract to expire when the child should have attained its eighteenth year. To this the mother assented, and the papers were duly signed. A year or two after the papers had been signed Mr. and Mrs. Jones separated; the latter seemed much attached to the little girl, but Mr. Jones asserted his right to the custody of the child. The mother made several efforts to see the little girl, but it was not until six years had elapsed that she was told by the mother of Mr. Jones that the child had a good home with a family named Hale, at Philipsburg, Pa.

It was not until the autumn of 1877 that Mrs. Grebby was able to visit her daughter. On her arrival she says that she was treated as an imposter. A son of Mr. Hale ordered her off the place, and threatened her with arrest if she refused to go. On inquiry among the neighbors she was told that May's mother was reported to be a disreputable character, living on Beford St., and that it was said that the child had been taken from her by force. Mrs. Grebby says she does not even know where such a street is. The next day she met a son-in-law of the Hale family, and was treated very courteously by him. Through his influence she was allowed to see her daughter. Mrs. Hale during the interview went out of the room for a few minutes, and the mother said: "May, are you abused here?" "Sometimes," said the girl, simply. "I will try to get you away," said Mrs. Grebby, but the girl replied that in two years her time would be up, and that she would try to stay it out. Upon leaving Mrs. Hale's residence the mother visited one of the neighbors, and made inquiries in regard to the treatment of the girl. She was directed to the house of a woman who had served as nurse in the Hale family.

A NOVEL PUNISHMENT.

Mrs. Grebby says that she made inquiries in regard to the matter, and was informed that upon certain occasions her daughter had been punished by having castor oil poured down her throat, and that a cowhide had more than once been used upon her. Unable to do anything, the mother left Philipsburg, and returned to this city, endeavoring to secure her child's release. As she was an ignorant woman, without money or active friends, her efforts were unavailing. About a year ago Miss Jennie Grebby, of White Lake, Mich., a sister of Ephraim Grebby, the child's deceased father, began to communicate with her niece. The girl was at that time scarcely able to write. At the Hale mansion another servant was employed. Mrs. Grebby says that the Christian name of the girl is Annie, but was unable to tell her family name. This Annie taught May to write so that she could communicate with her aunt, who appears from letters to be an intelligent and pious Quaker lady. In one of her letters the girl complains of overwork, and expresses her desire to be released. In another she complains of the want of clothing, and says that she has been obliged to borrow necessary undergarments from the girl Annie. This young woman, who has been employed in a Philadelphia store, also wrote to the aunt, telling her to get May away as soon as possible. On the 8th of last July the girl was 18 years old. About that time Miss Grebby received a letter telling her that her aunt would attend to May's release, which the Hale family was not disposed to grant, alleging that the girl would not be free till her 21st year. A note was sent to Mr. Jones, informing him that the time of the indenture had expired and calling upon him to release the girl. To this no answer was received. On Monday night Mrs. Grebby was informed that her daughter had left Philipsburg in company with two rough looking men. When last seen May had no bonnet on and was carelessly dressed. The girl Annie says that these men have for some time been hanging around the locality. The three have been tracked as far as Lock Haven, where all trace of them is lost.

NO TIDINGS OF THE GIRL.

The Hale family have set competent detectives upon the track of the girl, but Mrs. Grebby has as yet heard nothing of their success. May is described as a tall, well-developed young woman, with black hair, dark complexion and teeth of peculiar beauty.

The reporter was unable to obtain an interview with Mr. Jones, but that gentleman's mother, a lady of evident culture and intelligence, was found at her residence, on West Chestnut street. She says, as indeed Mrs. Grebby does also, that while May was with Mr. Jones she was treated like a daughter. "The Hale family," added the lady, "stand as highly as any in the State, and I would desire no better home for my own child. They have educated May and brought her up in the very best manner, and the only reason they did not release her from the indenture was because they feared that the influence of the mother might not be for the child's best interest.

There is a mystery underlying this affair. Mrs. Grebby, though an illiterate, is by no means an unintelligent woman, and seems sincere in her opinions and assertions. She is at present serving at Bailey's Hotel, Broad and Somerset streets, and seems much worried over the fate of her daughter. Mr. Jones occupies rather a prominent position, and his mother is a very courteous and intelligent lady.

Examination of Teachers.

The following order of place and time will be observed in the teachers' examinations for 1881, as fixed by County Superintendent D. M. Wolf:

Milesburg and Boggs, Monday, Aug. 22nd.
Unionville and Union, August 23.
Huston, Julian Furnace, Wednesday, Aug. 24.
Worth, Port Matilda, Thursday, Aug. 25.
Taylor, Hannah Furnace, Friday, Aug. 26.
Philipsburg and Rush, Philipsburg, Saturday, August 27.
Snow Shoe and Burnside, Snow Shoe, Tuesday, Aug. 30.
Liberty and Eagleville, Wednesday, Aug. 31.
Howard and Curtin, Howard, Thursday, Sept. 1.
Marion, Jacksonville, Friday, Sept. 2nd.
Walker, Hublersburg, Saturday, Sept. 3.
Spring, Valentines' school house, Tuesday, Sept. 6.
Benner, Knox's school house, Wednesday, Sept. 7.
Patton, Waddle's school house, Thursday, Sept. 8.
Halfmoon, Stormstown, Friday, Sept. 9.
College, Lemont, Saturday, Sept. 10.
Haines, Aaronsburg, Monday, Sept. 12.
Millheim and Penn, Millheim, Tuesday, Sept. 13.
Miles, Rebersburg, Wednesday, Sept. 14.
Gregg, Penn Hall, Thursday, Sept. 15.
Potter, Centre Hall, Friday, Sept. 16.
Harris, Boalsburg, Tuesday, Sept. 20.
Ferguson, Pine Grove, Wednesday, Sept. 21.

A special examination will be held at the Superintendent's office, Bellefonte, Friday, Sept. 30. Applicants must come recommended by at least four directors of the district in which they intend to teach, and give a satisfactory reason for non-attendance at the public examinations.

Examinations begin at 9 o'clock a. m. Applicants are expected to be in time. Some of the directors also should be present to make out a list of applicants.

Hurry up and Register.

Up to Saturday only two physicians of this county had registered at the Prothonotary's office in accordance with the act passed at the last session of the Legislature, as follows:

Harvey K. Hoy—Born in Spring twp., Centre county, Pa. Medical degrees, three; two by Hohnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, one by Pennsylvania College of Anatomy, all in 1881. Place of residence and practice, Bellefonte.

Daniel E. Bottorf—Born in Ferguson twp., Centre county, Pa. Degrees, one; by Homeopathic Hospital College, Cleveland, O., March 9, 1881. Place of practice, Philipsburg.

Physicians who have not yet registered should bear in mind the fact that they are liable to be "hauled over the coals" by parties anxious to profit by their neglect. For every case they attend now they can be fined one hundred dollars, one-half of which goes to the informer. So hurry up with your papers, gentlemen, and avoid getting into difficulty.

Leaning Trees.

Often in a fine orchard we find one or more trees leaning over so far as to destroy the beauty of the whole orchard. It is also difficult to cultivate around a leaning tree. This may easily be remedied while the trees are young, by partially digging up and replanting the tree. The roots will usually be found smallest on the side from which the tree leans, and therefore these roots should be loosened from the earth, the tree set in a perpendicular position and carefully fastened by stakes or guys, and the earth replaced around the roots. It would be well to add some rich compost to promote their growth. If, as is very probable, the top of the tree has become one-sided, it should be pruned so as to restore its balance. In this way pear trees may be righted up even when six inches through the stem, but the best way is to look after the young trees, and not permit them to depart from the way of uprightness.

To the Sixteeners of the Various Soldiers' Orphans' Schools of Pennsylvania.

As has been advertised throughout the State in various forms that a reunion of the Sixteeners, and those having been honorably discharged, will be held at Harrisburg, August 24, 25 and 26, 1881, for the purpose of forming a permanent organization, we take this method of informing those interested and those desiring to attend whose address we have not obtained. Ex-Governor Curtin has consented to deliver the opening address on Wednesday evening, 24th inst., followed by other distinguished persons who will be present. Every arrangement is being made to make the reunion a grand success. Being already assured of a large attendance, we trust that every Sixteener will attend, and also communicate with those they know, urging them to be present.

Sixteeners upon arriving at Harrisburg will proceed at once to the Capitol and register their names, where accommodations will be assigned them.

The Pennsylvania railroad, Philadelphia and Reading railroad and all other branches controlled by them, will issue excursion tickets, orders for which must be procured from the committee, named below, for the full term at the rate of one per cent each mile. For further information address A. S. Grow, Lock Haven; J. R. Rockwell, Hartford; Edward T. Taylor, Ewan's Mills, N. J.; Daniel A. Hull, Reading; C. D. Rudy, Harrisburg; D. W. Cotterel, Harrisburg; Frank R. Pinkerton, Elerslie, Md.

The New Comet.

The new comet is looming up handsomely to the astronomer's eye, and indeed is visible to all but the near-sighted in the morning hours before twilight by the unassisted power of vision. It is now discernible in the evening after twilight near the horizon at a point somewhat north of northwest. At present the direction for finding it in the morning is to carry a line from the star Capella through Beta Aurigæ, which is a bright star eight or ten degrees lower and to the right. By extending this line a further distance, equal to the apparent distance from star to star, the position of the comet is reached. It is now rapidly increasing in brightness. Its distance from the earth is about 97,000,000 miles. The diamater of the bright part surrounding the nucleus is 11,750 miles; that of the coma 140,000 miles; total diameter of the envelope, 200,000 miles; length of the tail, 3,000,000 miles or more. The deviations of the orbit from the predictions up to August 2 were 3m. 59s. in right ascension, and 1.9m. in declination. These results are satisfactory, considering the unfavorable position or rather direction of the comet's motion when the three earliest observations were taken. That direction was almost towards the earth. Had the direction or apparent motion been, so to speak, athwart the sky, more accurate predictions would have been possible. The development of the tail before perihelion is in this comet greater than that of the great comet of 1858. On Thursday night of last week the comet for the first time kept above the horizon all night, or, technically speaking, entered the circle of perpetnal apparition.

Hublersburg Dots.

Miss Sallie L. Lodon, an accomplished lady of Philadelphia, arrived on Monday on her annual visit to this place. She is apparently the same sociable being she was twenty years ago, when she made us her first visit.

Mrs. James McCalmont, an old and respected resident of Marion township, and mother of the wife of your fellow-townsman, Mr. Wm. Shortlidge, died on Monday morning last. The funeral took place yesterday at Jacksonville. IVAN.

Fatal Accident at Tyrone.

An unknown man, supposed to be a German tramp, was killed by the cars in Tyrone Tuesday. He was walking on the track when the day express going east, which passed there at 12:20, struck him. His body was badly mangled, and death ensued almost instantly. At the inquest the verdict of "Death caused by locomotive accident" was rendered. A letter was found on his person showing his name to be J. F. Fuchs.

—Acting under the proffer of the State College, giving to the Senator of each district in the State the privilege of appointing a scholar to whom free tuition would be given, Senator Herr, of Dauphin county, appointed a committee to conduct an examination of competitors for the free scholarship, and fixed a time for the same. At the hour fixed there was not a single applicant present, and an adjournment was made without taking any action. From this we infer that the young men of Dauphin consider that they know enough already, or are not capable of appreciating one of the best and most commendable offers ever made by an American college.

Democratic Conventions.

If the secretaries of the Democratic convention had been as particular as the chairman of an Irish convention that lately met at Chicago, perhaps, like him, they would have resigned. Then the tally would, perhaps, have been different in some particulars. But they would not desert their posts, and there were none there to invite them out. Here is how they run an Irish convention in Chicago. Let our boys take pattern. The New York *Tribune* says:

"That Irish Convention in Chicago bears a close resemblance to a Democratic Convention. The most prominent feature of it is noise. Up to yesterday, in less than a week's session, it had five chairmen, and almost as many successive secretaries. Whenever there was a difference between the chair and the convention, the chair resigned and a new one was chosen. "Does the chair differ wid me?' asks Mr. Maloney, in *Punch*. 'The chair does not.' 'The chair had better not,' says Mr. Maloney, 'onless it wishes to take off its coat and come outside." That is the spirit of the gathering at Chicago, and a fine old Irish spirit it is. The first chairman left Chicago on Tuesday, saying he wished he had never had anything to do with the meeting. It is evident he made the mistake of not resigning on call.

Death of Jacob Houser.

At ten minutes after 8 o'clock on Friday night last the spirit of the venerable Jacob Houser, of Benner township, departed for that celestial habitation to which a life of sacred consecration to the Master's will justly entitled it. For more than four years Mr. Houser had been prostrated by a severe apoplectic stroke, but never lost consciousness nor faltered in his faith of a heavenly immortality. He was a kind and affectionate husband and father, and raised a family to manhood and womanhood, to whom he was greatly attached. A devoted friend and an indulgent neighbor, in whose memories his name will always be held in sacred reverence. We can only add that our temporal loss is his eternal gain, and his friends have the blessed assurance that they can meet him in that land where parting is unknown. On Sunday afternoon all that was mortal was deposited in the burying ground at Houserville, whence it was followed by a large circle of relatives and friends.

—Mr. Thomas A. Jackson, of Columbus, O., brother of Mr. George W Jackson, of this place, a notice of whose sickness appeared in these columns a few days since, died at his home in that city on Friday last, and was buried on Sunday. His brother, George W., and family, were present when he died. Mr. Jackson was superintendent of the Franklin County Infirmary, located at Columbus, and a gentleman highly esteemed by all who knew him. Were are unable to state the cause of his death.

—The annual State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association is omitted this year, and in place of this the association will hold meetings in three sections of the State. The central, which includes Tioga, Lycoming, Centre, Clinton, Bradford, etc., will be held at Bellefonte, September 22d to the 25th, inclusive. T. B. Patton, of Altoona, is acting State Secretary in the absence of S. A. Taggart, who is in Europe.

—"Sheriff" Jno Dawson seems to be "fixin' things" for Jackson, the Greenback candidate for State Treasurer. When John brings his gigantic mind to "beer" on the subject, something is going to fall, and we don't mean to insinuate that it will be John, either. These surreptitious interviews are full of meaning.

MARRIED.

ZIMMERMAN—YOTHERS—At the home of the bride on the evening of August 9th, 1881, by Rev. W. A. Carver, Mr. Wm. M. Zimmerman, of Philipsburg, and Miss Libbie J. Yothers, of Karthaus.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Aug. 16, 1881.

Wheat, old	$1 00
" new	1 10
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled, old	55
Oats	40
Cloverseed	4 50@5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 00
Flour, wholesale	5 25
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	9 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00
PLASTER.	
Cayuga, ground, per ton	$
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Bacon	10
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes per bushel, new	1 00
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	25@50
Dried sweet corn per pound	8